

## GERMANS SUFFER APPALLING LOSS ON YPRES CANAL

Obtain Foothold For Short  
Time But Are Driven  
Out Again

## ATTACKS ALL FAIL

Anglo-French Holding New  
Line Gained In Latest  
Offensive

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, August 5.—Field Marshal  
Sir Douglas Haig reports this evening:

After heavily shelling all our positions southward and northward of the Ypres-Comines Canal, the enemy attacked on both sides of the Canal. For a moment he obtained a foothold in Hollebeke but our counterattack immediately drove the Germans out. We took several prisoners. Elsewhere the enemy's attacks failed.

Our fire repulsed raiders southward of Quent.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig yesterday afternoon reported: "We have re-captured the remaining trench which the enemy forced on Thursday night eastward of Monchy-le-Preaux. Our positions here have been completely re-established."

The Allies have made further progress eastward of Kortekker Cabaret. Heavy rain fell during the night.

Sir Douglas reported last evening: "The weather continues wet and stormy. We have gained further ground northward of St. Quentin. There has been considerable hostile artillery eastward of Messines and in the Neuport sector."

A German official communiqué reports: "There were no important attacks in Flanders owing to the rain. We carried out a raid southward of Lentrety, in Lorraine, and took a great number of French black troops prisoners."

## German Guns Active

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports: "The enemy's artillery has been active in the neighborhood of Hollebeke and the Ypres-Comines Canal. The French have made further progress northward of Elshoote."

We repulsed a raid southward of Arieux-en-Gohelle and carried out a successful raid eastward of Vermelles. A German attack against a post held by Portuguese troops was driven off with loss to the enemy.

The official communiqué issued earlier reports: "South of Juvincourt the enemy delivered a serious attack at midnight. After lively fighting the assaults were driven off and our line was re-established in its entirety."

There has been a violent artillery duel on the region of Morthomme and Gaurieres Wood.

A German official communiqué reports: "Our shock troops penetrated the French positions at Juvincourt and took 100 prisoners."

Counter-Attacks Fail  
Reuter's Correspondent at British Headquarters in a message sent today reports:

The weather is improving. There was much fighting and intense artillery activity throughout the night and this morning. The enemy made a counterattack of great weight in the neighborhood of Hollebeke at dawn. Heavy fighting is reported, but the position is obscure.

Further south the Canadians advanced their posts in the direction of Cite-du-Moulin with great success at one o'clock in the morning, as a result of which our line advanced for a depth of 200 yards towards Lens on a front of 1,000 yards. The attacks made by the enemy against the new front have all failed.

"It is apparent that appalling casualties are being inflicted on the Germans. We know that even the heavy and sustained German bombardments are inflicting a degree of loss on their own infantry since they repeatedly shoot short."

"Proofs are available that the number of guns captured do not represent the minimum of what the enemy really lost."

Officer-prisoners admit that the 1918 class of German recruits has been

(Continued on Page 2)

## Better Horrible War Now Than Bad Peace, Declares Premier On Anniversary

No Conference Till Kaiser Is Willing To Talk Restoration, Says Lloyd-George

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 4.—The opening of the fourth year of the war is the universal theme of articles in the newspapers which review the military, naval and financial situation in a very optimistic vein, pointing out that Germany's latest pronouncements in the direction of peace are equivalent to a confession that her strength is waning and that of her Allies is growing.

The King's message to his Allies voices the feelings of his subjects, to which emphatic expression was given at the great meeting at Queens Hall today, when the campaign of the National War Aims Committee was expounded and inaugurated. The Marquis of Crewe presided and Mr. Lloyd George and Baron Sonnino, the Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs, spoke. The audience included the Archbishop of Canterbury, Cardinal Bourne, Archbishop of Westminster, the Serbian Premier, 20 members of the Government, 100 members of the House of Commons and the metropolitan and provincial Mayors.

Mr. Lloyd George received a great ovation on rising to address the great meeting to express the inflexible determination of the nation to continue the struggle for liberty and justice to victory.

## War Aims Unchanged

After speeches by the Marquis of Crewe, who emphasised that Britain's war-aims, namely reparation and security, were unchanged and Baron Sonnino, who emphasised that Great Britain and Italy are united in their determination to secure a just and honorable peace, the Premier addressed the meeting.

After paying a tribute to Italy's efforts in the war, Mr. Lloyd George said: "We are fighting to defeat the most dangerous conspiracy ever plotted against the liberties of nations. We have striven for three years to protect those liberties, not unsuccessfully."

We have checked the ambitions of Germany."

The Kaiser knew that it was not true that the Germans are fighting to protect German soil. Even now neither the Kaiser nor the German Chancellor said they would be satisfied with German soil. They talked glibly of peace but stammered when they came to the word Restoration. "Before we enter a peace conference they must learn to utter that word to begin with. Our gallant fellows are gradually going to cure the Kaiser of his stutter. Restoration is the first letter. Then we will talk."

"War was a ghastly business but it was not so grim as a bad peace. There was an end to the most horrible war but a bad peace went on and on, staggering from one war to another. The Prussian War Lords have not yet abandoned their ambitions. There must be no next time. Let us have done with it. Don't let us repeat this horror."

Let us make a victory so that national liberty, whether for small or great nations, can never be challenged. The small nation must be as well protected as the big nation.

On all roads there were ups and downs and doubtless the Russian collapse was a rather deep gien we are passing through and he was not sure that we had reached its darkest level, but across the valleys he could see the ascent.

## No Sectional Peace

Mr. Lloyd George continued: "We cannot allow a sectional organisation to make peace. The nation as a whole makes war and the sacrifices are pretty evenly divided amongst all classes and the nation as a whole must make peace."

They would have seen that the Germans said they were satisfied with the result of the last battle. All he could say was that Sir Douglas Haig had

(Continued on Page 4)

## Liner Noordam Mined; Passengers Are Saved

Dutch Steamer Strikes Off  
Texel But Is Able To  
Be Towed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Amsterdam, August 4.—The Dutch liner Noordam (12,531 tons), homeward bound from New York with 235 passengers on board, has struck a mine off the Texel. All on board have been saved. The Noordam is being towed to Newwedep.

## Devastate Bulgaria In Advance Of Retreat

Teutons Preparing To Abandon  
Territory To Russo-Rumanian Offensive

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Jassy, August 5.—Recent official communiques continue to report fighting in Putna and Casin Valleys, where the Russo-Rumanian forces have repulsed all attacks launched by the enemy with the object of regaining the positions they have lost.

## RIVERS OVERFLOWING IN NORTH PROVINCES

Heavy Rains Cause Floods That  
Do Heavy Damage In  
Farming Districts

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Peking, August 4.—Torrential rains during the past three weeks have caused much damage in North China, where many districts have been devastated by the rivers overflowing.

Reports from Tinghsinghsien, in Chihli, state that houses and farms in the neighborhood have been washed away by the floods though the city was saved from inundation by the prompt closing of the gates and strengthening them with sand-bags.

Similar reports have been received from many districts in Chihli, Honan and Fengtien and many deaths are reported.

## Turkish Offensive In Mesopotamia Planned

Von Falkenhayn Commanding  
Troops Being Massed For  
Attack In September

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, August 3.—The Athens correspondent of the Daily Telegraph states that a great Turkish offensive in Mesopotamia, to commence next September, is being prepared. Two divisions of troops from the Dobrudja and two from Galicia have been concentrated at Aleppo, to which city troops are also moving from Thrace, besides a large portion of the Austrian heavy artillery in Turkey. General von Falkenhayn will be in command.

## THOMAS TO REMAIN IN FRENCH CABINET

Socialist Party Decides To  
Allow Him To Retain Ministry  
Of Munitions

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Paris, August 4.—The fear that the Socialist Party might compel the French Minister of Munitions, M. Thomas, to leave the Government, has been dispelled by a resolution adopted at a meeting yesterday evening by 56 votes to 9 instructing the Political Committee to apply the decisions of the Party's National Council and in agreement with M. Thomas to decline that policy in accordance with the interests of national defence, thus permitting M. Thomas to continue in the Ministry.

This resolution was adopted after a speech by M. Thomas in which he emphasised the necessity of the Socialist Party collaborating with the Government and a speech by M. Guesde pointing out that the resignation of M. Thomas would be misinterpreted, since the Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates have invited Socialists not to collaborate with Imperialist governments.

## The Weather

Cloudy and showers. The maximum temperature was 87.4 and the minimum 75.2, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 92 and 74.3.

## FENG KUO-CHANG GIVEN OFFICIAL WELCOME BY MINISTERS OF ENTENTE

Is Told Powers Look To Him  
To Restore Order In  
China

## MORE SEALS DISAPPEAR

Insignia Of Lower House Alleged  
To Be Spirited Away  
By Secretary

Congratulations were offered to General Feng Kuo-chang in an address by the French Minister, M. Conty, on behalf of the Allied Ministers who were given audience by the Acting-President yesterday afternoon, according to the Eastern News Agency. His speech reads in part:

"We heartily offer our congratulations to Your Excellency upon your assumption of office as President of the Republic."

"The Governments which we have the honor to represent sincerely hope that Your Excellency will work for the progress of the country and maintain order, and our hope is more ardent, as the Government that Your Excellency represents is about to join in the ranks of the Powers who are now fighting in Europe for truth and humanity."

"We firmly believe that you will not alter any of the stipulations of the existing treaties and will carry out all the treaty obligations towards foreign powers and energetically improve the friendly relationship between China and our Governments."

In response to M. Conty's speech, General Feng stated that since China has only just recovered from a political crisis he hopes that the Powers will assist in the reconstruction of the nation. He will see that all treaty stipulations will be carried out and that the existing friendly relationship with the countries will be continued.

## Parliamentary Seals Gone

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press  
Peking, August 6.—A sensation has been caused in political circles by the disappearance of the seals of the House of Representatives, which are alleged to have been taken away by Lin Hsueh-heng, a member of the Kuomintang, who was appointed Chief Secretary of the House by Wu Ching-lien when the latter succeeded Tang Hua-lung as Speaker.

It appears that at the time of the restoration of the Monarchy Lin Hsueh-heng was in Shanghai but as soon as the Republic was restored he came up to Peking and notified his subordinates to attend to their duties as usual. Last Wednesday, however, Liu Hsueh-heng disappeared with the official seals of the House, Speaker and Chief Secretary.

It is also alleged that he took \$3,000 belonging to the House of Representatives which he ought to have used for the payment of the July salaries of the Secretaries of the House.

Loan Negotiations Progressing  
Negotiations between the Ministry of Finance and the Group Banks for a loan of \$10,000,000 are making favorable progress. It is understood that the principal terms have been practically settled.

Meanwhile, owing to the financial stringency, the Government has requested an immediate advance of \$10,000,000, which will probably be provided by a Japanese group with the consent of the Consortium and repaid on the conclusion of the big loan.

Chengtu, July 29 (Delayed).—It is reported that General Hsiung Wu-chang, from Kweichow, who burned the streets of Chengtu, has been caught and beheaded.

The Szechuenese have gained a substantial victory over the Yunanese at Jenchow.

Tokio Welcomes War Decision  
Tokio, August 4.—"Better late than never" sums up comment here on the news that China has decided to declare war against Germany.

It is felt universally that efforts now must be concentrated on the extermination of German interests and intrigues in China.

The co-operation of the Entente will undoubtedly be of immense benefit to China, both directly and indirectly, for realising a stable ad-

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## New French War Helmet



NEW FRENCH WAR HELMET.

The above photograph shows the new French trench helmet. With the added advantage of the visor down the soldier is protected from shrapnel and grenade fragments, which it is hoped will cut down the casualties to a small percentage. Since the adoption of the steel helmet in use at the present time, the percentage of soldiers disabled from head wounds is very small.

## U.S. TO COMMANDEER ALL MERCHANT SHIPS

Vessels To Be Chartered And  
Operated By Government  
On The Atlantic

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, August 4.—The Shipping Board has arranged to commandeer all merchantmen with a view to operating the Anglo-American agreement for joint control of shipping and freights.

Ships will be operated under government charter, saving the expense of taking over the hulls. The chief is to get more ships into the trans-Atlantic service, to which many coasters, Pacific and South American traders will be diverted, neutral and Japanese ships replacing them.

## Admiralty Confirms Submarine Atrocity

Submerging With Torpedoed  
Ship's Victims On Deck  
Declared To Be True

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 5.—The Admiralty confirms the statement that a German submarine torpedoed the steamer Belgian Prince on July 31 and that the crew abandoned their ship in two boats which the Germans smashed with axes. Then the Germans deprived the crew of their lifebelts and leaving them on the deck of the submarine and taking the Captain below, submerged the submarine without warning while 48 men were standing on her deck.

All these men were drowned except three who secretly retained their lifebelts and were picked-up after being in the water for eleven hours.

The affidavits sworn by the three survivors support the details of the atrocious outrage, which is considered to have been a cold blooded murder, equalling, if not transcending, the worst crimes the Germans have committed against humanity.

## New Belgian Minister Is Received By Feng

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, August 6.—The new Belgian Minister, M. Paul May, who arrived recently, presented his credentials to Acting President Feng Kuo-chang at 11 o'clock this morning.

## TARNOWSKI TO SWEDEN

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Zurich, August 4.—Dr. Tarnowski, the late Austrian Ambassador at Washington, has been appointed Austrian Minister to Stockholm.

## RUSSIAN PARTIES UNITE; KERENSKY MADE DICTATOR!

Five Principal Groups Agree  
To Fight War To  
End

## TALK ALL NIGHT

Premier's Resignation For-  
ced Them To Reach  
Agreement

## HE'S INDISPENSABLE

Lenin Is Being Prosecuted  
For Treason And  
Rebellion

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, August 5.—M. Kerensky has again accepted the Premiership.

M. Kerensky, has issued a statement explaining that his resignation was due to the impossibility of establishing a compromise between the various political parties. He renounces office in view of defeat without and disintegration within threatening the country. He appeals for the renunciation of party quarrels and dwells on the stern necessity for carrying on the war, sustaining the fighting forces of the Army and re-establishing the economic strength of the State. He emphasises the indispensability of reorganising the Government in accordance with the principles of government already decided.

The Provisional Committee of the Duma has endorsed the decision reached by the conference which sat last night concerning the indispensability of M. Kerensky's Premiership.

A joint meeting of the Executive of the Soldiers' and Workmen's and Peasants' Delegates has approved the decision by 147 votes to 46. The Maximalists protested.

The Premier and Minister of War, M. Kerensky, had resigned owing to the impossibility to reconstitute the Government in a manner compatible with the necessities of the moment and therefore he could no longer assume responsibility for developments. The Government has decided not to accept his resignation.

Following the resignation of M. Kerensky, the Government summoned a meeting of representatives of all parties and the Members of the Duma, the Executives of the Soldiers' and Workmen's and Peasants' Delegates, which, after an all night sitting, agreed that M. Kerensky is the only man able to govern the country.

The Vice-Premier, M. Nekrasoff, presided at the historic Conference, which ended at six o'clock this morning.

M. Tereschenko, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, summing up the debate, said that the anxiety displayed by all parties to reach an agreement guaranteed the safety of the country.

The sitting of the conference was suspended to enable the various parties to settle their differences.

Subsequently it was announced that the five chief parties are prepared to entrust M. Kerensky with the re-constitution of the Government on condition:

(1) On behalf of the Socialists, that the Government adhere to its declaration of July 21.

(2) On behalf of the Cadets' Party, that the Government shall enjoy entire freedom in its policy and shall not be subject to influence or pressure from political parties.

All the political parties agreed that M. Kerensky is the only man able to assure the government of the country.

The Vice-Premier, M. Nekrasoff, announced that the terms of the compromise would be immediately communicated to M. Kerensky.

Records were produced showing that the accused had been convicted four times previously and had been sentenced in all to two years and five months imprisonment for fraud and forgery. Mr. Godfrey declared that the fraud was unusually clever and asked an exemplary sentence.

resolved to issue a manifesto to the world pointing out that the continuance of the war will wreck the Revolution and all democracy.

General Korniloff has accepted the post of Generalissimo on condition that nobody interferes with him and that the measures recently adopted at the front shall be applied to depots in the rear.

At a meeting of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates M. Rosanoff, the delegate to the negotiations with regard to the International Socialist Conference, reported that the date of the conference has been fixed for September 9. The conditions for the conference were favorable and all are agreed, he said, that it would hasten the negotiations for peace. The situation of the Central Powers, he continued, was somewhat precarious owing to the breakdown of the German policy in Poland, where a revolt may be expected at any moment. The German Majority and Minority Socialists have adopted the Russian program. The majority of the British Socialist Party has refused to participate, whereas the French wanted the Conference. M. Rosanoff concluded with the remark that the success of the Conference depended on the attitude of their British and French comrades.

#### Lenin Being Prosecuted

The Public Prosecutor has issued a statement why the authorities are prosecuting the extremist Lenin and many of his accomplices for high treason and organising rebellion. It says that it is established that they have been intriguing with enemies with a view to disorganising the Russian army, for which purpose they have been distributing bribes supplied by enemy countries. The accused are charged with organising the rebellion in Petrograd on July 16. Investigations have disclosed the existence of a vast German spy organisation which is working throughout Russia. The conclusion is irresistible that Lenin was a German agent.

General Gourko was arrested in Petrograd on a political charge after a search of his rooms.

It appears that M. Tchernoff, the Minister of the Interior, has resigned following on charges, that he had contributed to a Russian Journal in Switzerland which is financed by Germany.

The ex-Minister Kvonstov has been arrested on a charge of appropriating 1,350,000 for the object of preparing the 1917 elections of the Duma.

The Premier and Minister of War, M. Kerensky, in an order forbids assemblies of military delegates or committees of soldiers. Multitudes of soldiers are ordered to wear black bands on their arms till they have regained their honor on the field of battle.

The first detachment of 150 women sailors is being formed in Petrograd.

#### Attack on Stockholm

London, August 5.—(By wire-  
less).

A Russian official communique reports:

Our scouts in the region of Kovel-Sarny railway crosses the Stokhod, wading up to their necks through the water, and attacked an Austrian advanced post, bayoneting some and taking prisoner the remainder of the troops which were holding it.

Our barrage drove back an attack in the direction of Kovel.

We captured Doljok Wood, eastward of Czernovitz, and took 520 prisoners.

The enemy occupied the villages of Molidia and Kotubbanksi, south-westward of Bolan.

After a battle westward of Sereth the enemy occupied Neifradovz (Neuftratz). We retired eastward under the enemy's pressure. In the direction of Kimpolung the enemy occupied Yamm.

Our scouts made a successful raid in the region of Kotumikhali bayonetting scores of the enemy.

A German official communique says: We crossed the Russian frontier north-eastward of Czernovitz and have reoccupied Galicia with the exception of a narrow stretch from Brody to Zbaraz. We are rapidly advancing in Bukovina.

A German official communique says: There have been violent artillery duels near Brody and along the Zbrucz. We are advancing in the wooded region southward of the Dniester in the direction of Chotin. After a battle we pressed back the Russians from Radauts and crossed the River Bystriza between Lunza and Brosteni.

Petrograd, August 4.—A Russian official communique reports: We attacked northward of Husiatyn and cleared out the enemy from the eastern bank of the River Zbrucz. We took 43 prisoners.

We drove the enemy out from Chustouka and Czernokozony southward of Skala.

We abandoned Czernovitz after blowing up the bridge across the Pruth. The enemy has taken possession of Czernovitz, Rachkov, Poliana and Rarancez.

Our troops are fighting the enemy north-eastward of Kimpolung. The enemy have occupied Watra on the Moldavitsa.

#### Situation in Finland

Helsinki, August 3.—The Senate has decided to publish the manifesto issued by the Provisional Government dissolving the Diet and ordering elections. The decision was communicated to the Diet, which adjourned sine die.

The Governor-General told a meeting of naval and military committees that force would be used if the Diet refused to dissolve.

The manifesto issued by the Provisional Government points out that the rights of the ex-Tsar as Grand Duke of Finland have devolved on the Provisional Government, which cannot recognise the right of Finland, which only enjoyed domestic autonomy, to prejudice the decision of the Constituent Assembly on the future relations between Finland and Russia.

## New Police Machine Gun



NEW POLICE MACHINE GUN

Here is shown a new type of machine gun recently tested by New York policemen. The weapon can be attached to the rear of an automobile or other fast-moving vehicle

and rapidly rushed to any point where danger threatens. It is both deadly and accurate and will, it is believed, prove a valuable acquisition to the department's equipment.

## Germans Lose Heavily At Ypres

(Continued from Page 1)

regularly embodied and that many of the 1918 class are in the field, which indicates that the limit of the enemy man power is rapidly being reached.

#### Heroic Deeds Around Ypres

Further details of the fighting on Tuesday, north-east of Ypres, where the counter-attack was heaviest, show that fine deeds were done by the troops covering the retirement of the large, hard-pressed rear

guard. 130 men occupied the ruins of a farm and arrested the German advance with their rifles and Lewis guns. The strength of the party had been reduced to thirty when the survivors decided to cut their way back to their own lines and emerged in the open with fixed bayonets. Some did not return but their valorous self-sacrifice averted a much heavier casualty list.

Many bad obstacles were encountered in the first advance in this district, mainly farms from which machine-guns enfiladed the troops. These had to be stormed separately.

Frequently the first intimation the British received of Germans lurking in shell-holes was a shot in the back. Much fighting at close-quarters with the bayonet prevented the British gunners shelling the German counter-attackers but the doggedness of the English and Scottish troops, and mainly the men from Lancashire, minimised the loss of

ground, which cost the Germans terribly dear.

The net result, tactically, has been the creation, temporarily, of a wide No Man's Land.

#### French Advance Line

Paris, August 5.—The official communique issued this evening reports: There has been an intermittent artillery duel which was somewhat violent between La Royere Farm in the Craonne sector and in the mountainous region in Champagne.

The official communique issued yesterday afternoon reports: Despite bad weather in Belgium we made progress beyond Korkereet Cabaret and reconnoitered the farms beyond the front we reached, repulsing enemy patrols. There was reciprocal artillery on both banks of the Meuse. Two attempts made by the enemy in the region of Avocourt Wood failed.

#### Music For Today

Performances by the Public Band will, weather permitting, be given today, programs as following:—

(a) In the Public Garden at 5.30 p.m.

- 1.—March "Manhattan Beach" Sousa
- 2.—Overture "Tancrède" Rossini
- 3.—Waltz "Jolie d'Almer" Dornard
- 4.—Selection "Allongon" Thomas
- 5.—Song "Roses" Adam
- 6.—Selection "The Gondoliers" Sullivan

(b) In the Hongkew Recreation Ground at 9 p.m.

- 1.—March "Mandelay" Franklin
- 2.—Overture "Giovane d'Arco" Verdi
- 3.—Waltz "Pluie d'Or" Waldteufel
- 4.—Selection from the Ballet "Coppelia" Delibes

- (a) March of the Bell
- (b) Waltz of the Hours
- (c) Waltz of the Doll
- (d) Czardas
- 5.—Song "The Land of Hope and Glory" Elgar
- 6.—Sketch "The Alabama Minstrels" Knowles
- 7.—Waltz "Amoureuse" Borger
- 8.—Selection "Reminiscence of Scotland" Godfrey

A. de Kryger,  
Conductor-in-Charge.

## Norway's Ship Losses Total 33 For July

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 4.—Thirty-three Norwegian ships, totalling 58,241 tons, were sunk during the month of July.

## LOCAL FOOD BOARDS URGED FOR BRITAIN

Lord Rhondda Invites Municipal Bodies To Help Administer Control Of Commodities

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 4.—Official: Lord Rhondda, the Food Controller, has invited the Local Government bodies in Great Britain to appoint food-control committees to administer the new schemes for sugar distribution under which retailers are required to register sugar-cards issued by the public committees. He has also requested them to continue the food-economy campaign and to deal with other food-stuffs, including meat and bread, and to enforce fixed food prices.

#### Mail Notices

#### MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yohio M. Aug. 7  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. Aug. 9  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru Aug. 10  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikago M. Aug. 13  
For U.S. Canada, and Europe:—  
Per T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo Maru Aug. 13  
Per P.M. s.s. Venezuela Aug. 18  
For Europe:—  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Atsuta M. Aug. 17  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hitech M. Aug. 18  
The American mail is due here today, per N.Y.K. s.s. Sado Maru.

#### WITHOUT APPETITE.

Loss of appetite is a sure sign of ill health. Those who take Dr. Williams' pink pills as a tonic invariably say that an improvement in health began with a noticeable increase in the appetite. When you are sick and your vitality is low your appetite fails. Nothing tastes good. You take no pleasure in your meals. Under such circumstances, to enjoy good digestion is impossible.

Dr. Williams' pink pills tone up the entire system and enrich the blood—good red blood being essential to normal digestion. The glands that secrete the digestive fluids are strengthened, not merely stimulated, and you once more enjoy a good appetite. Looking forward with pleasure to meal time is the first sign of returning health, strength and vitality.

What to eat then becomes a problem, and it is solved by the Diet Book to be obtained free on request (a post card will do) to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 98 Seehuen Road, Shanghai. It gives the relative digestibility of different foods, gives the proper diet in various diseases, and is a handy book to have.

You will do well to begin a course of Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people at once, getting them from your local chemist, or direct from the above address, 1 bottle \$1.50, 6 bottles, \$8, which prices include postage.

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## CHEFOO C. I. M. SCHOOL DISTRIBUTES PRIZES

Visitors At Exercises So Numerous  
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Accommodated

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING OPEN

American Residents Raise \$1,500  
At Garden Fete For The  
Red Cross

Special Correspondence to the China Press

Chefoo, August 2.—The annual prize distributions of the C. I. M. Schools were held last week and were attended by large numbers of visitors, so much so indeed that for the indoor entertainments of the Preparatory and Girls' Schools there was not even standing room. The schools are badly needing an Assembly Hall and one wonders why the China Inland Mission does not erect a structure for purposes of united gatherings, the present accommodation being altogether inadequate. At the Boys' School, where the first part of the programme was in the quadrangle, visitors were easily accommodated but at the other two Schools there were large numbers on the verandahs, while others again could not get within hearing.

Quite a feature of these annual exhibitions is the excellent drill, done by the scholars. That at the Preparatory and Girls' Schools was quite up to the high water mark, while the unanimous opinion of all present at the Boys' School was that their drill is unsurpassable. Certainly a most wonderful exhibition of semaphore, Indian clubs, dumb-bells and military marching was given and it is doubtful whether any of the home schools or colleges could have beaten the display here last Friday afternoon. There was a phenomenally large attendance of visitors as well as Chinese, who seemed carried away by the splendid evolutions of the boys. After seeing them, one could not wonder that so many of the "Old Boys" of the schools had been granted commissions in the British Army.

Y. M. C. A. Building Finished

The new Y. M. C. A. Building is now complete and opened; and it is a fine structure. The building is 81 feet 9 ins. in length with a breadth of 33 feet and is built of solid bluff stone, so that it is substantial as well as ornamental. On the ground floor there is a spacious hall, a reading room and a library, with Secretary's office.

Upstairs there are a number of very comfortable bedrooms, which it is hoped will provide accommodation for the many young men in business here. In addition to these rooms there is a committee room, and a game room, where quiet indoor pastimes may be indulged in. The opening ceremony took place last Saturday afternoon and was a great success. Here a large number of friends assembled and after the usual addresses the building was declared open. The officers for the year are President, Mr. Li Pao-hsuen; Vice-President, Mr. Yu Tzu-ming; General Secretary, (Hon.) Mr. Liu Shu-teh; and the Secretary Mr. Hsu Chung-ming.

It is to be hoped that the work of the Y. M. C. A. in Chefoo will

now flourish. So far they have had great difficulties to contend with, the chief being the lack of accommodation. Now that this trouble has been removed and that they have at last got what they want it is hoped that the work will go ahead.

Americans Have Fete

Last evening, the American residents under the able direction of their Consul, organised a most successful garden fete, devoting the proceeds to the American Red Cross Society. The fete consisted of an excellent concert in the Consulate Garden, which was most prettily, as well as artistically, decorated with lanterns etc., giving the whole a most beautiful effect. At the sides were booths, which did a roaring business. Here were sold candies and ice cream etc., prepared by the American ladies. The gardens were opened at 8.30 and very soon it seemed as though the whole of the population of Chefoo was present. The concert started at 9 and there was not a vacant seat. Undoubtedly a word of praise is due to the organisers of the program. The singing and playing were all that could be desired while the juggling of the Orientals was also extraordinarily fine. Everything passed off without a hitch, and the American Consul is to be congratulated upon the huge success of the venture. We hear this morning that the fete has brought in a clear profit of over \$1,500.00.

It seems likely that a move is to be made here very shortly to get all who are still wearing queues to have them cut off. There are quite a considerable number of pigtails in Chefoo, and the idea seems to be for the police to make an organised attempt to round them up and forcibly clip them. We hope it will be done quietly and without arousing any feeling.

The weather these last few weeks has been delightful and Chefoo of an evening is quite a sight. The sunsets have been glorious.

## U.S. ENVOY CONFIRMS POTSDAM CONFERENCE

Former Agent At Constantinople  
Gives Evidence Of Germany's  
Decision To Embroil World

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 4.—In a letter to the Times Mr. Lewis Einstein, late Special Agent of the American Embassy at Constantinople, says that the German official denial of the conference held at Potsdam in July, 1914, apparently is no more veracious than similar German declarations.

The Marquis Garroni, the late Italian Ambassador at Constantinople, told Mr. Einstein that on July 15, 1914, Baron von Wangenheim, then German Ambassador to Turkey, who had returned from Berlin the previous day, informed him that he had been present at a conference at which war was decided on by means of an unacceptable ultimatum to Serbia.

Baron von Wangenheim told another diplomatist that a month before the war the Kaiser summoned the leaders of army, finance and industry and asked if they were prepared for war. They all replied that they were, while Baron von Wangenheim assured the Kaiser that he would answer for Turkey.

## FOUR ARRESTED HERE AS REBEL PLOTTERS

Three Japanese Among Prisoners  
Charged With Fomenting  
Chekiang Rising

N. Yamada and three accomplices—one is a Japanese woman, the second a Japanese man, the third a Chinese named Tien Pih-chen, a native of Honan—were arrested Sunday morning by Inspector Lai Yin-chung and his squad of secret service men from the office of General Lu Yung-hsian, the local Defence Commissioner, at the Shanghai Hangchow Railway station as they were about to board the 7.40 Hangchow train. The accused were charged with the possession of papers and a seal which implicates them in a plot to institute an insurrection in Chekiang and were handed over to the arsenal immediately following the arrest.

The three Japanese subjects were turned over to the Japanese Consulate General yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock with a written despatch from the Defence Commissioner. The text of the charge has not been made public by the consulate authorities, who will deal with the case only as an ordinary police case and not as a political offence. A preliminary trial was held yesterday afternoon in the presence of Mr. Hagio, Chief of Japanese Police, and Vice-Consul Hayashide sitting judicially.

That the procedure of the arrest was irregular was the opinion of Mr. H. Hara, Japanese vice-consul, when interviewed by a CHINA PRESS reporter yesterday. According to Mr. Hara, the prisoners and the documents should have been handed over to the consulate immediately, and not, as it was, more than twenty-four hours after the arrest.

"We do not favor either the Peking or the Ming in their political difference," he said. "We do not, in fact, wish to be mixed up with Chinese politics. Gen. Lu thinks that the accused are concerned in a plot and requests the Consular authorities to condemn them. But that is his belief. We are simply treating this as a police case."

According to the local press, General Lu was informed by Inspector Lai that there was a secret report made by a certain informer that several party men were plotting in Shanghai for a

rebellion in Chekiang. The powers of attorney of the rebel officers had not yet been filled out and distributed, on account of the strict censorship established in this port, and were to be distributed as soon as they reached Chekiang territory, he said. And he told further that the papers would be conveyed to Chekiang by Japanese agents, who would start for their destination on the morning of the 5th.

Accordingly, General Lu despatched Inspectors Lai, Hsu and Chen, the informer and several constables to the Shanghai-Hangchow station at the designated time and effected the arrest after the accused were identified by the informer. A bag was found in their possession and one report states that a seal for the "generalissimo of the Eastern and Southern Punitive Army" was also seized. The Japanese, says the report, admitted that they were to receive a compensation of \$20,000 if they succeed in smuggling the article into Chekiang.

## ODDS ON ALLIES' SIDE, SAYS GEN. ROBERTSON

Put Your Backs Into It, Is  
His Message To  
Americans

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 5.—General Sir William Robertson, Chief of the Imperial General Staff, interviewed by a representative of The New York Times, said that no soldier could answer the question of how the war was going. It was a struggle of nations in which the psychology of the peoples is involved. The armies in the field were only a part of this tremendous conflict. Behind them was the nerve of each special nation. The will of nations can be broken by hopelessness and despair and if the army does not crack the nation behind it may.

"When you consider the numbers and resources on each side you may fairly conclude that if the Allied nations are steadfast and if the civilian heart is sound submission

must come sooner or later from the Central Powers," he said.

"The odds are on our side at last but quality and character are going to win this war. The Germans affect to despise the intervention of America, but only because the Higher Command are urgently anxious that the will of their people

shall not break. When a nation of 100,000,000 people, inventive, resourceful, immensely courageous and with the fire of moral idealism in its blood, joins the democratic Powers which are hammering autocratic militarism, and are absolutely determined to go on

hammering until the world is really safe for democracy, the end is certain and the entry of America should hasten the end."

"If I may send a message to America I would simply say, 'Gentlemen of the United States, put your backs into it.'"

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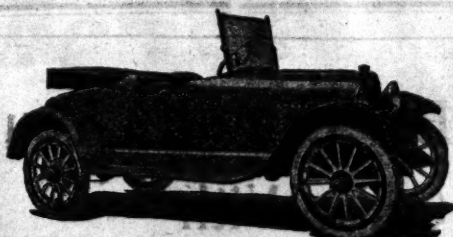
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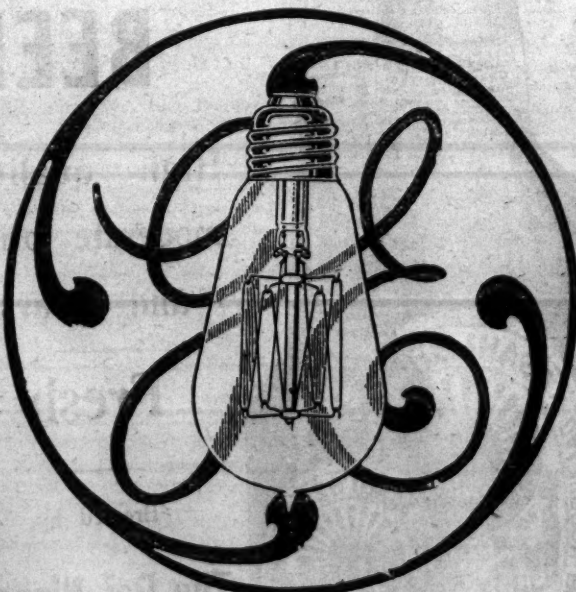
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## QUEEN ANNE

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"THREE CASTLES"  
W.M. Thackeray "The Virginians"

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W.D. & H.O. WILLS,  
BRISTOL & LONDON,  
ENGLAND.

(This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Company, Ltd.)

## War Must Continue Until Proper Peace Is Possible

(Continued from Page 1)

secured all his objectives in that great battle. We had enough guns to smash the lines on which the Germans for three years have expended willing and forced labor and if the Germans were pleased with that battle, so were we. "Let this continue thus, to our mutual satisfaction."

The Premier concluded by making a plea to the nations for unity and asked the people to keep their eyes steadily on winning the war. "Beware of becoming cross-eyed. Keep both eyes on victory. That is the way we will win. The nation that turns back and falters before it reaches its purpose can never become a great people. There is no knowing how near the top of the mountain we may be. Russia is still on the ropes and will in due time come up again, climbing strong in her purpose, and together we shall reach the summits of our hopes."

### Messages Sent By King

The Press Bureau announces:—His Majesty the King has telegraphed to the King of the Belgians:

"On the third anniversary of the day on which my country threw in its forces against the violators of the neutrality of Belgium I desire to express my unshakable confidence in the ultimate restoration of Belgium to her rightful position among the free countries of Europe. The unflinching spirit of her people under their grievous suffering will continue to inspire the joint efforts of her Allies against the nation which has trampled her liberties under foot."

His Majesty the King telegraphed to the Emperor of Japan, the King of Italy, the King of Serbia, the King of Rumania and the Presidents of France, the United States and Portugal today as follows:

"On the third anniversary of the day on which my country entered this great struggle I desire to express the unwavering determination of my Empire to pursue the contest until our joint efforts are crowned with success and our common aims attained."

"I am happy in the confidence, which I feel assured is shared by you, that the untiring will of our peoples and the heroism of our forces will achieve final victory, securing the possibility of the peaceful progress of humanity."

His Majesty the King in a message to the Lord Mayor says: "Three years of war, with all they have meant to every home in the British Empire, have welded more closely than ever the bonds of unity which steel the hearts of the whole nation in the firm resolve to secure the sacred principles of justice, freedom and humanity. For these we fight and by God's help we mean to triumph."

His Majesty the King has sent the following telegram to the King of Siam:

"I desire to express to Your Majesty the appreciation felt by me and my people for the noble resolution lately taken by Your Majesty to associate your Kingdom with the righteous cause for which the Allied Powers are fighting. The sympathy thus strikingly manifested by Your Majesty and the Siamese nation brings encouragement to the people who have been long in the struggle and confirms them in their resolution to continue their efforts till a crowning victory has removed the terrible menace which still threatens the liberties of the world."

The Press Bureau announces:—The

Premier has telegraphed to the Russian Prime Minister: "I assure you of the resolution of the British people to continue the war until the liberties of Europe are made secure. I am confident that Free Russia will surmount the difficulties confronting her so that in association with her Allies she can secure for her children a peace safeguarding liberty and democracy in her own country and throughout the world."

Messages sent on the anniversary of the declaration of war include a telegram from General Botha in which he says:

"At the close of the third year of this terrible world war I can only reiterate what I said last year: let us press on to complete victory."

Ambiens, August 5.—Sir Douglas Haig has issued an Army Order today which says:

"We enter the fourth year of the war with firm confidence based on what we and our gallant Allies have already done. This recollection of the past three years can leave no doubt in our minds that the British armies in France and the workers of the Empire upon which they depend have the power and the will to complete the task they have undertaken, and that they will continue until their labors are crowned with certain and definite victory."

### Messages To France

Paris, August 4.—On the third anniversary of the declaration of war Mr. Lloyd George telegraphed:

"In recent years French and British soldiers have fought in brotherly union side by side in more than one desperate battle. By our common suffering we have not only attained a more thorough mutual understanding and affection, but we have created a better world for our successors."

Lord Milner telegraphed: "We are determined to follow the beacon of the heroic example of France, without looking back across the long, dark night, to the certain daybreak in which the free peoples of the world will together celebrate the final triumph of the right of nations."

Sir Edward Carson telegraphed: "We entered together the war for the defence of liberty and our rights and we will carry on until our combined efforts on land and sea bring our common enemy to his knees."

Australia, Pledges Loyalty Melbourne, August 4.—A large meeting of citizens, today, carried enthusiastically a motion recording their inflexible determination to continue the great struggle for liberty and righteousness until decisive victory has been achieved and the military despotism of Germany destroyed.

The Premier, Mr. W. M. Hughes, paid a tribute to Belgium, France, the British army, navy and mercantile marine, adding, "We must set our faces against Stockholm and those speaking of peace under any guise for the sake of the interests of a section of the community."

### Vessels To Arrive

From London  
Iyo Maru ..... Aug. 7  
Kitano Maru ..... Aug. 21  
From San Francisco  
Ecuador ..... Aug. 25  
From Tacoma  
Chicago Maru ..... Aug. 11  
From Seattle  
Sado Maru ..... Aug. 7

## PICKS TORPEDO PLANE TO CURB U-BOAT EVIL

Rear Admiral Fiske, in Letter To The Aero Club, Urges Great Allied Squadron

WOULD ACT BEFORE ENEMY BELIEVES SUBMARINES COULD BE HELD AT BASES AND GERMAN FLEET DISABLED

New York, June 25.—The construction of a great squadron of torpedoed planes to curb the submarine menace by preventing U-boats from sailing from their bases, to bombard the German fleet in the Kiel Canal, to retain complete control of the North Sea, and to destroy fleets of similar planes projected by the Germans has been suggested by Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, U. S. N., retired, in a letter to the Aero Club of America. The Board of Governors of the club resolved to make known the facts of the letter to the Council of National Defense, to the Aircraft Production Board, the Chairmen of the Committees on Military and Naval Affairs of the Senate, and the House of Representatives and the public.

Admiral Fiske points out that the next logical step for the Germans to take would be the construction of large fleets of torpedoed planes to bombard the British high seas fleet. He cites the quick action of the Monitor in defeating the ironclad Confederate Merrimack before the victories of that vessel had time to cause terror in the North in the civil war, and urges that the construction of the torpedoed planes be undertaken with all speed. He adds that he intends his methods to be an addition

to all "other means now used or proposed."

In his letter to Mr. Hawley Admiral Fiske submits the following facts:

By far the most immediate and alarming danger in the present situation is the menace to the food supply of England and France is caused by the German submarine.

The most effective foe to the submarine is the aircraft; for flying over the long distances that sea-planes must traverse, considerable size and power are required.

The British torpedoed planes which sank four Turkish ships in the Sea of Marmora in August, 1915, were of considerable size and power; the German torpedoed planes which sank the British steamer Gena off the coast of England May 1, 1917, were also of considerable size and power.

The success of this attack will without doubt encourage the Germans to develop the torpedoed plane.

The German Naval General Staff realize the value of concentration of power and mobility in as large units as possible.

The torpedoed plane embodies a greater concentration of power and mobility than does any other mechanism; for its cost, the torpedoed plane is the most powerful and mobile weapon which exists at the present day.

An attack by a large number of German torpedoed planes armed with guns to defend themselves from fighting airplanes would be a powerful menace to the British fleet.

An attack by allied torpedoed planes armed with guns to defend themselves from fighting airplanes would be a powerful menace to the German fleet, and if made in sufficient numbers would give the Allies such unrestricted command of the North Sea, even of the shallow parts near the German coast, that German submarines would be prevented from coming out from German ports, the

submarine menace abolished, and all chance of German success wiped out.

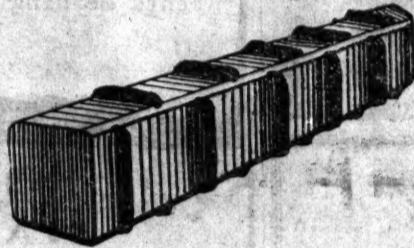
I beg leave also to point out that an inspection of the map of Europe shows that in air raids over the land the strategic advantage lies with Germany, because her most important towns, like Berlin, are further inland than the most important towns of the Allies, like London; so that airplanes of the Allies, in order to reach Berlin, would have to fly over greater distances while exposed to the fire of other airplanes than do airplanes of the Germans in going to London. For raids on naval vessels, however, the strategic advantage lies with the Allies, because their control of the deep parts of the North Sea enables them to establish a temporary aeronautical base of mother ships sufficiently close to the German fleet to enable the British to launch a torpedoed plane attack from it on the German fleets in Kiel and Wilhelmshaven, while the Germans could not possibly establish an aeronautical base sufficiently close to the British fleet.

This gives the Allies the great advantage of the offensive. It would seem possible, provided a distinct effort is made, for the Allies to send a large number of airplane mother ships to a point, say, fifty miles west of Heligoland, and for a large force of fighting airplanes and torpedoed planes to start from this place about two hours before dawn, reach Kiel Bay and Wilhelmshaven about dawn, attack the German fleets there, and sink the German ships. The distance from Heligoland to Kiel is about ninety land miles, and to Wilhelmshaven about forty-five miles.

In making the letter public Mr. Hawley said it was the opinion of the Board of Governors that Admiral Fiske's suggestion was "among the most definite and promising of the solutions yet proposed."

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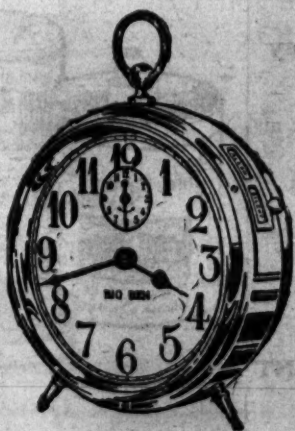
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JOHN J. LAPP, M. D., Cleveland, Ohio.

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"I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild, laxative effect and freedom from harm."  
EDWARD FARRIS, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."  
J. A. PARKER, M. D., Kansas City, Mo.

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## CONSCRIPTION FAVORED IN CANADIAN SENATE

Compulsory Service Also Demanded By Win-The-War Convention In Toronto

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Ottawa, August 5.—The Senate has passed the second reading of the Compulsory Military Service Bill by 54 votes to 25.

Toronto, August 5.—The Win-the-War Convention closed with a women's demonstration supporting the policy adopted, namely, national nonpartisan government, the conscription of men and resources and a scheme for providing Win-the-War candidates for each constituency.

The convention demanded an increase in soldiers' pay and also three months' furlough for the men of the 1st Division.

Subsequently a delegation from the convention visited the Premier, Sir Robert Borden, who said that as the conflict proceeded it became more and more clear that the full strength of the Commonwealth of Canada must be thrown into the balance if victory was to be assured. He hoped that in the near future a Win-the-War government would be formed irrespective of party, including special representation of the great agricultural and labor interests of Canada. In this he was fully supported by his colleagues.

The Delegates of the Win-the-War Convention came to perfect plans for a vigorous campaign in favor of conscription. Many prominent men of all parties have delivered addresses. Colonel Molloy, who was blinded in the South African war, moved a resolution declaring that the convention would not support any candidate who did not favor compulsory military service.

## PRESIDENT SUPPORTS AIR FLEET PROGRAM

Willing To Back Up Plan Calling For \$600,000,000, He Writes To Baker

Washington, June 22.—President Wilson tonight got behind the \$600,000,000 aeroplane program which has been advocated by Secretary of War Baker and the Aircraft Production Board of the Council of National Defense. In a letter sent to Mr. Baker he said:

"The White House, Washington, 'My Dear Mr. Secretary:

"I have your letter of yesterday about the production of aircraft and the training of men to operate them, and want to say that I am entirely willing to back up such a program as you suggest. I hope that you will present it in the strongest possible way to the proper committees of the Congress.

"Cordially and sincerely yours,  
"WOODROW WILSON."

While the President did not mention \$600,000,000 as the appropriation needed, that is the sum which has been put forward by the Aircraft Production Board after consultation with Secretary Baker and other army and navy officials.

It has been estimated that with this money at its disposal, the Government could go far toward the construction of a great fleet of battle and training planes and the instruction of thousands of aviators. As a result of the sanction given to the plan by President Wilson, it is probable that bills will be submitted to Congress early next week.

## COTTON PLAN DRAFTED

Board, Employers and Employees Agree on Scheme

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, August 4.—It is announced that the Cotton Control Board and employers and operatives have agreed to a scheme for the future conduct of the cotton trade which will be submitted to the Board of Trade on the 9th.

## Shooting

The Shanghai Scottish S.V.C., shot its Monthly Cup Competition for August at the range yesterday morning. The conditions were not ideal for good marksmanship, there being a light drizzle and a poor light, which was followed by mirage as the rain ceased. Only fifteen competitors fired. The range was 500 yards, ten shots

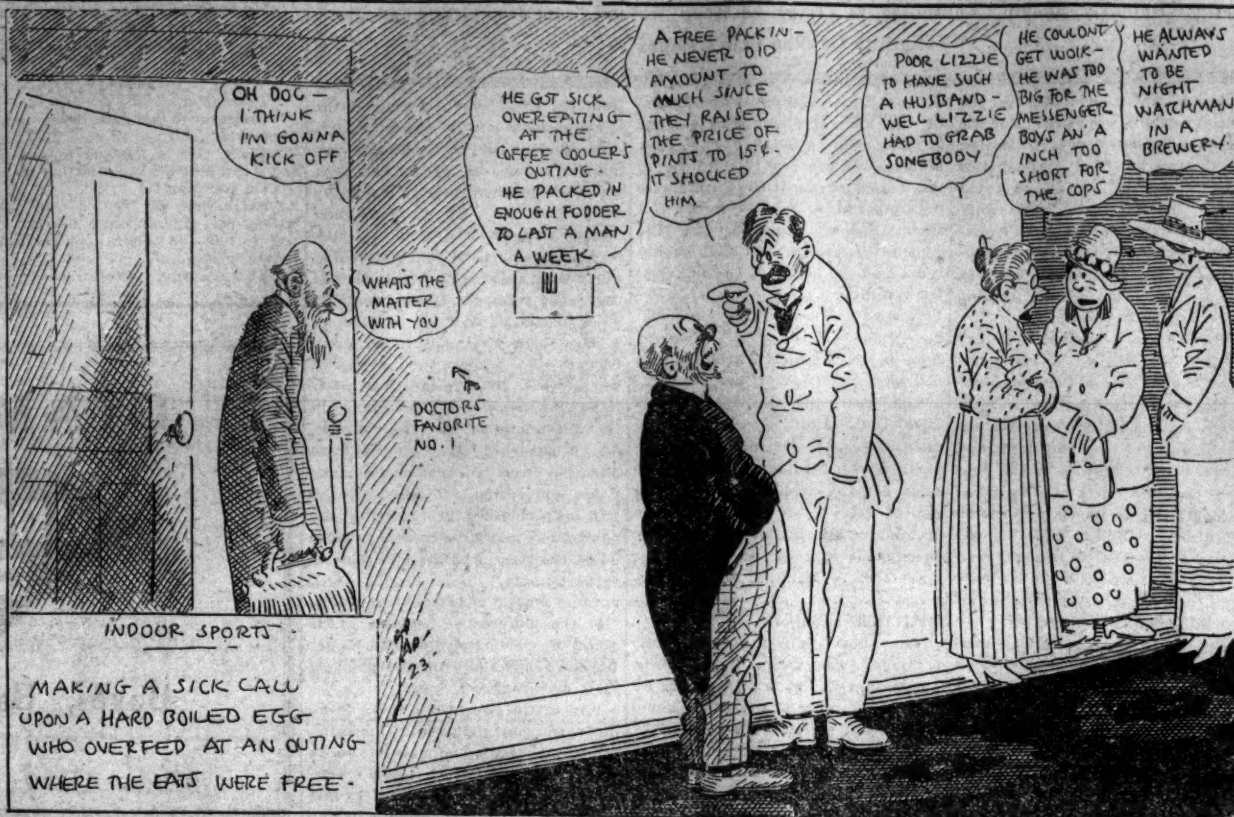
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By Tad



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and one to eight, under Bisley conditions. The results:

"A" Class:

Name	Score	Hcap.	Total
C. S. G. J. Turnbull	41	7%	38.1
L. J. S. Chisholm	36	0	36.0
Cpl. K. McKelvie	38	7%	35.3
Pte. J. R. Moodie	36	4.25%	34.4
* 3rd win. Cup won outright; also winner of spoon. Future handicap 8.25%.			
"B" Class:			
L. C. P. Campbell	31	0	31
Piper P. W. Webber	22	0	22
* 1st win, also winner of spoon. Future handicap 4.25%.			
Pte. G. S. Scott	25	4.25%	23.9
Pte. N. P. Thomson	23	0	23.0
Pte. W. H. Train	20	0	20.0
* Wins spoon. Future handicap 7%.			

## Cricket

### S.C.C. Defeats Police

The feature of the game on the Shanghai Cricket Club ground yesterday afternoon between S.C.C. and Police was the fine recovery of the homesters after 5 wicket had fallen for 4 runs. At this stage Lover and Cheetham pulled the game out of the fire, Lover batting extremely well.

The fielding of the visitors, however, was very weak and many catches were dropped. When the Police batted Capt. Barrett was out to a fine catch at point by Norman, but it was very unlike the "crack" to be out to such a simple stroke.

Quayle was out to a brilliant catch in the long field by Cheetham but, although the ball was good, it was a foregone conclusion for the homesters.

S.C.C.

W. C. G. Clifford, c. b. Fry	14
W. C. D. Turner, c. Barrett, b. Fry	14
E. G. Tait, b. Quayle	1
A. H. Leslie, b. Sale	8
E. G. R. Lover, c. Quayle, b. Sale	23
E. G. Norman, b. Fry	0
C. L. Cheetham, c. Treacher, b. Sale	20
W. C. Foster, c. Quayle, b. Fry	17
W. J. Haynes, b. Quayle	9
W. J. Monk, not out	15

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General Agent.

E. G. Barnes, c. Doyle, b. Fry 6 || Extras | 13 |
| Total | 140 |

Bowling Analysis

140				
Bowling Analysis				
	O.	M.	R.	W.
J. Quayle	14	2	31	2
T. S. Fry	20	2	57	5
G. Sale	9	1	23	3
T. W. Spottiswoode	1	—	11	—
J. Robertson	2	—	5	—
Robertson bowled 1 wide.				
S.M. Police				
J. Robertson, b. W. C. Foster				5
F. C. Treacher, b. W. C. Foster				1
E. I. M. Barrett, c. Norman, b. Foster				3
J. A. Quayle, c. Cheetham, b. Clifford				8
C. Doyle, b. Foster				24
T. S. Fry, b. Foster				2
J. Mason, st. Haynes, b. Monk				1
M. O. Springfield, b. Foster				1

Bowling Analysis

Name	O.	M.	R.	W.
W. C. G. Clifford	12	—	33	2
W. C. Foster	15	—	37	7
W. J. Monk	2	—	7	1



**FACTS**  
YOU SHOULD KNOW  
ABOUT YOUR TEETH

Danger of Diseased Teeth

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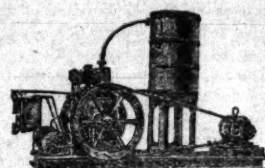
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WEATHER

The depression will continue its slow progress towards N.-W. between

Marianas and the Philippines.

Very variable breezes and local

thunderstorms along the whole

coast of China.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, AUGUST 7, 1917

A New Day Dawns For Russia

IN 24 hours the situation in

Russia has undergone a change

from that of being the blackest

of any since the Revolution of March

12, to that of being the brightest.

The manifesto of the Executive

Council of the Soldiers' and Work-

men's Delegates declaring that con-

tinuance of the war meant the

death of the Revolution and of

all democracy, which was followed

by the resignation of M. Kerensky

as Premier and Minister of War,

produced a crisis the gravity of

which there was no discounting.

But it seems to have been that

darker hour which precedes the

dawn, for the five clashing

parties into which the leaders

of political thought divided

after the Revolution immediately

perceived that they had carried

their quarrels too far and had in-

deed imperilled the future of Russia

as a free and independent nation.

They had produced panic in the

army and chaos behind it. Kerens-

ky's resignation fell like a bomb

among them. They saw that their

hour had struck. It was a case of

"Unity or Death."

So the leaders of the five parties

assembled in what was destined to

become a historic council.

Throughout the night they thresh-

ed out their differences and by

morning found that in the hour

of national peril these differences

were of no importance. They

reached a final agreement under

which it is evident full power to

put down domestic disturbances

with an iron hand and prosecute

the war to a victorious conclusion

has been voted to Premier Keren-

sky. On these conditions and with

this understanding he has again

taken office—this time apparently

as Military Dictator.

And Korniloff, who is Kerensky's

appointee, has accepted command of

all the Russian armies as General-

issimo on the understanding that

no one is to interfere with him in

restoring order, discipline and

fight to his troops. That he will

be able to accomplish this seem-

ingly gigantic task, no one familiar

with the Russian Army and Navy

and with the brand of ignorant po-

litical agitators, in many instances

proved German agents, responsible

for their recent mutinies and re-

treats, doubts.

In discussing this phase one need

only recall the recent instance of

the revolt of the Black Sea Fleet.

This occurred while the American

Naval Commission headed by Ad-

miral Glennon was at Odessa.

Telling of this, an American ex-

change says:

"Undoubtedly, Admiral Glen-

non's speech, which immediately

ended the Black Sea revolt, was

a plain statement of the duty of

the hour, so axiomatic that its re-

sults seemed out of all proportion

to its words. We may assume that

it was, seeing that the arguments

which caused the revolt were of a

bizarre and fantastic nature. The

Leninists, finding that the higher

sailors when the American Admiral

told them of their duty is a re-

freshing proof of their honesty of

intention."

And, describing conditions in the

Russian army, The New York

Times points out that "nothing is

more striking than the often-

repeated instances in which

mutineers or prospective rebels are

brought immediately to terms by a

simple appeal to reason. Over and

over again some regiment or bat-

alion or garrison has been led by

agitators into rebellion, only to

become instantly loyal on some

short speech addressed to them by

some plain-spoken General or

civilian official. The argument

used to convert them, when it has

been reported, has been some

simple statement of what to us are

the obvious facts that discipline

must exist in an army, that true

liberty involves order, or some

other of the elementary things

which here we take for granted.

Thus it is evident that many of

these mutinies are founded on

nothing but ignorance, and that

the Russian soldier's heart and

even his head were right enough,

though at first misled by glittering

phrases to which he had never

heard the axiomatic answers."

Correspondence

The Case of General Ting Hwai

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir.—In closing the discussion of

the Ting Hwai case in its columns

last Saturday, The North-China

Daily News stated that it was "dif-

ficult to recall any incident in which

such a mass of misrepresentation

has been employed to cover up very

simple facts." There is a sense in

which this is strikingly true.

The paper began by agreeing to a

suppression of the facts of the case

as desired by the Chinese authorities,

whose "urgent wish" on the point

was communicated to some of the

officials of the Mixed Court. When

compelled to publish a report of the

case owing to your indictment of

the methods employed in its con-

duct, the paper tried to convict you

of a lie by perpetrating a statement

which elicited a denial from the

Registrar of the Court.

And when it opened its columns

to a partial discussion of the case

by the friends of Mr. Grant Jones

and Captain Hilton-Johnson—to the

practical exclusion of correspondents

who failed to approve the latter's

action—the paper intimated that

only rogues and rascals would

denounce the manner in which the

judicial machinery of the Mixed

Court had been abused for the pur-

pose of assisting the minions of Tuan

Chi-jui to secure possession of the

Presidential seals.

The paper also permitted an

obviously interested individual to

suggest by implication that you and

the Shanghai Mercury are lending

your columns to a discussion of the

case by "certain anonymous per-

sons" who are "commenting ad-

versely on the case under more than

one signature." This Old Bailey

method of blackguarding your

opponent provokes a *tu quoque* that

is not at all unfair. The paper has

been publishing a number of letters

from "certain anonymous persons,"

registering unqualified approval of

Mr. Grant Jones's summary treat-

ment of General Ting Hwai; and,

curiously, in nearly every instance

the editor of the paper has been

moved to express—either in a lead-

ing article or in an editorial com-

ment—his complete concurrence with

the views of his correspondents. This

well-known method of the literary

log-roller seems to suggest a relation

between these correspondents and

the editorial staff of the paper

which, if revealed, would explain

how public opinion—as expressed in

a certain section of the Shanghai

press—is manufactured.

There is a reference in the same

issue of the paper to the American

Consular authorities which calls for

some notice. "Meanwhile it is worth

emphasizing," writes this semi-

official organ, "that although certain

gentlemen enjoying an official po-

sition have been reported in print as

holding, and expressing, strong

views on the alleged misdeeds of Mr.

## 'T. P.' Talks Of Obstacles In Home Rule Fight

Nationalist Party, Seeking Autonomy, Is Trying To Keep Ireland From Committing Suicide—Futility Of Sinn Fein's Hopes

It was a warm morning for the discussion of Irish politics. But the Honorable Thomas Power O'Connor, better known as "T. P." and better yet as "Tay Pay," did all he could to resist the onslaught. He wore white tennis shoes and a light dressing gown and he frequently refreshed himself from a little silver box of snuff—surely the coolest possible way of enjoying tobacco.

With Richard Hazleton, Secretary of the Nationalist Party, Mr. O'Connor has come to America, says The New York Times, on a political mission, concerning the exact nature of which much is surmised and little definitely known. It is supposed that the visit of the Commissioner has to do with the Irish Convention in Dublin, and that one purpose of the visit is to explain to the people of America the attitude of the Nationalist Party at this moment in Ireland's history.

There had been so much misunderstanding in the United States as to the exact demands which the Nationalists are making that it seemed advisable to ask this veteran of Irish politics just what were the expectations and desires of his party. He said:

"The representatives of the Nationalist Party are now seeking what Ireland has instructed all her Nationalist representatives to seek—I might say almost for centuries. The Act of Union destroying the Irish Parliament was passed over a century ago. And ever since that time the Irish people have protested against the destruction of their Parliament and demanded its re-establishment.

"As to the form this re-establishment should take, opinions have varied, although the essential idea has always been the same O'Connell, for instance, held to the one idea in his youth and in his old age—he always pressed the Irish demand for the repeal of the Union. Repeal of the Union means the re-establishment of the Irish Parliament on the old lines, that is to say, consisting of two houses, a House of Lords and a House of Commons.

"In O'Connell's day it was proposed by some student of the situation to modify this particular form of Irish demands, and the substitute was something that I can best indicate to Americans by characterizing it as the Federal idea. There were many arguments in favor of this change. In the first place, the old Irish House of Commons was extremely imperfect—in fact, the inadequacy of its powers caused its destruction. The Ministers were not responsible to the Irish Parliament, but to the British Parliament, and, therefore, even Grattan was without real authority. O'Connell never considered the Federal plan to be better than his own plan of Repeal, but he dallied with the idea and never finally rejected it.

"There was a long and tragic interval in the activities of the Irish Parliamentary movement for self-government. But in 1870 the Parliamentary movement for self-government had its second birth, under Isaac Butt. Butt dropped the

regular procedure; that is, that an open trial with due notice would be held. That procedure was departed from and the agreement violated when Ting Hwai was rushed from his room to the court, denied the right to see his friends, placed on trial immediately and secretly, immediately turned over to those who brought the charges against him, at whose 'urgent wish' also the matter was suppressed. That this constituted departure from the regular procedure and that it was a violation of the formal understanding on which the American Consulate countersigned the warrant—these statements are made on the authority of Mr. Thomas Sammons, the American Consul-General."

At the rehearing of the case on the 27th ult., the Chief of Police—who, I note, is called Captain-Superintendent by the British Parliament, and, therefore, even Grattan was without real authority. O'Connell never considered the Federal plan to be better than his own plan of Repeal, but he dallied with the idea and never finally rejected it.

"I saw Mr. Sammons and asked him to sign the warrant. Owing, as I understood, to the absence of an Assessor [the American Consul-General approves but does not endorse a warrant, the latter being the business of the Assessor] and to certain other causes, the warrant could not be signed then and there. I was asked to return at 11.45 a.m., which I did. I again saw Mr. Sammons, but the warrant was still unsigned owing to no Assessor being available, and I agreed to return again at 2.15, when the signed warrant was handed back. I am etc.

O'Connell plan of Repeal and adopted the Federal plan. The essence of that plan was that Irish administrative concerns should be in the hands of an Irish Parliament, but Imperial, or as you would call them, Federal concerns, and the control of the army and navy should remain in the hands of the Imperial Parliament.

"Entire autonomy in internal government of the Irish, co-operation in the Imperial Parliament in the control of Imperial and National affairs—that sums up the demand of Isaac Butt. From that demand no Irish party has ever receded. Up to about a year ago that form of the Irish demand was accepted by 999 out of every 1,000 of Irishmen in Ireland and I think I might say throughout the world. Certainly, therefore, in standing by that demand the Irish party is consistent with Irish tradition."

"But how do you explain," Mr. O'Connor was asked, "the recent notification of the Irish demand by a certain number of the Irish people—the desire for an Irish Republic?" "I may trace not only that new demand," he said, "but every disturbance in the recent history of Ireland to the events of Easter Week, 1916. I thought that before I left London I had thoroughly sounded the depths of resentment, of dissension, which the executions of Easter Week had caused. But serious as was my view of the world-wide tragedy of which these executions were the start, that view has become even more serious during the few days that I have been in the United States.

"I pointed out in a speech that no country in the world had found cruelty to be an act of efficient statesmanship. Obviously, the fact that South Africa is today fighting by the side of the Allies and making war on Prussian militarism is due to two facts, first that after the Boer War (largely because of the wisdom of Campbell-Bannerman), the Boers immediately received back nearly all the liberties they had lost and, second, that when the people whom I may call the Sinn Feiners of South Africa created a rebellion, not a single rebel leader was executed."

"My chief complaint," said Mr. O'Connor, speaking with considerable fervor, "against the men who are attacking the members of my party and their policy has to do with the shameless and gigantic mendacity with which they pursue us. Not for a day did we fall to plead with the authorities against the insane folly as well as the mad injustice of the executions, and of the wholesale and senseless arrests by which they were accompanied. Mr. Dillon was in his house in Dublin for the six days of the rebellion and over and over again sought and had interviews with General Maxwell. Mr. Redmond was equally busy in London. Mr. Dillon and I talked a whole hour with Mr. Asquith, pleading for the life of Roger Casement. I need not say that there never was a more atrocious or malignant invention

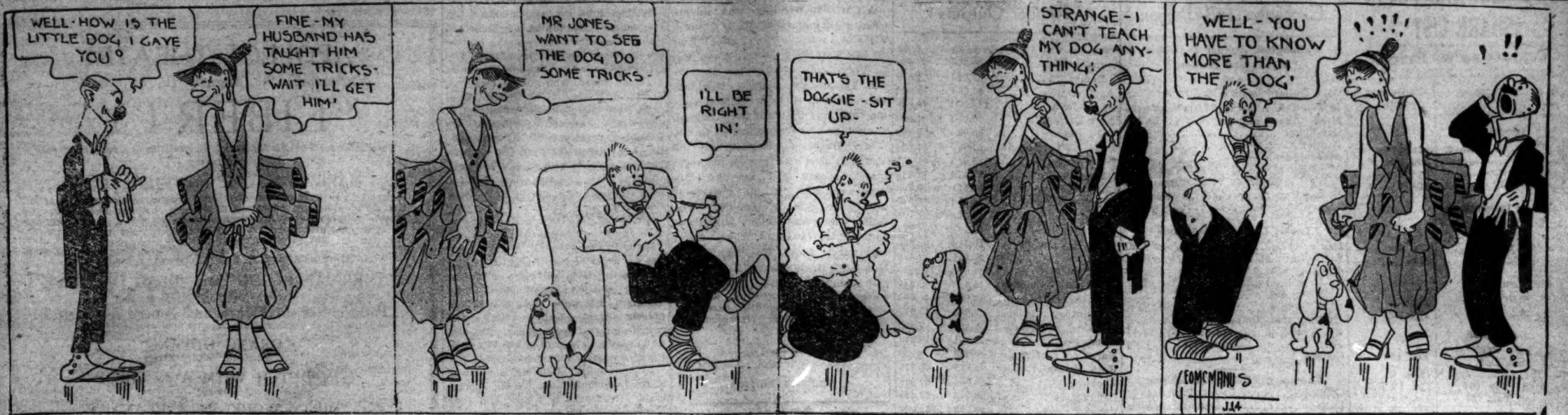
than the story that we cheered the announcement of the executions.

"In behalf of the prisoners we put forth our best efforts also. At the moment when those in sympathy with Sinn Fein were demanding merely that they be tried as military prisoners, we of the Nationalist Party were making the demand that they be released unconditionally.

## Bringing Up Father



By George McManus

Love, Home and Table Topics  
By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the  
Leisure Hour

## Other Side Of The Germ Theory

A correspondent of The Sunset  
Journal says:

The other day we were told that "another skirmish had been won in the warfare against typhoid." And the article which appeared as news in different papers went on to relate how a doctor in Berkeley had discovered a poor woman in a bottle of works who was a typhoid germ carrier. But surely the doctor is behind the times. Does he not know that it has been positively

proved that germs do not cause disease, that people have been injected with them, fed with them and had their nostrils and throats swabbed with them without being in the slightest affected. It has been known to doctors for years that there are many cases of disease which do not have the germs which are supposed to cause them, and that there are many people who have germs which it has been

are never affected by these particular diseases. A man does not need to have studied medicine to be able to reason from these facts that germs are not an agent in causing or conveying disease.

The following excerpts from an article by Dr. John B. Fraser in the Open Door, New York, are very interesting in this connection.

**Foundations Of The Germ and Bio-Chemic Theories.**  
When the Germ Theorist asserts that Pneumonia, Tuberculosis, Diphtheria, Typhoid Fever and Meningitis are caused by germ; and the Bio-Chemic Theorist declares that germs have nothing to do with the causation of the above named diseases; then it is time for citizens to examine the foundation of each theory, and support the one that appeals most strongly to their hard common sense.

**Foundation Of The Germ Theory.**  
The main facts on which the Germ Theory is founded are the presence of different germs with different diseases and the fact that disease follows the hypodermic injection of germs beneath the skin of small animals. Also some tests were made on human beings, but as the germs were not used scientifically the result was not conclusive.

If you ask when the germs first appear no answer is given.  
If you ask why the germs are used hypodermically the reply is that if inhaled or used in food or drink they produce little or no effect.

When you ask the Germ Theorist to point out the relation between injecting germs in small animals and giving human beings the same germs in food or drink, they have to admit that they are two distinct procedures with practically no relationship.

When you ask why thousands of men carry germs without injury to themselves the replies vary; but all are unsatisfactory. If you examine the standard works on Bacteriology you find no positive proofs given, that, if taken in food or drink germs are harmful. If you point out the cruelties inflicted upon dumb animals

during their experiments the reply is that the end justifies the means.

The assumption that because germs are found with disease they are the cause of it; and that if injected germs will cause disease, inhaled or ingested germs will do the same, is surely proof of a "foundation of sand." And yet it is on this unsafe theory Toronto's M. H. O., Dr. Hastings, puts an irritant poison in Toronto's drinking water; forbids Toronto milkmen to sell or deliver natural milk, and robs Toronto citizens of their liberty through unwarranted quarantine.

**Foundation Of Bi-Chemic Theory.**

The first point for the Bio-Chemic Theorists to decide was whether the germs appeared before or after the onset of the disease. This was a rather difficult task, as our professional bacteriologists are not called until after the attending physicians see the case, and the latter is not called until after the disease shows itself, when it is usually too late to make a fair test; but a long, careful study of early cases, especially in Pneumonia, Typhoid and Diphtheria, where the appearance of the germs is often delayed, showed that the germ, followed the onset of disease, AND CONSEQUENTLY COULD NOT BE THE CAUSE OF IT. My own observations covered a period of over three years; many other careful observers have investigated this point, and today there is a mass of evidence that cannot be broken down that the germs are the product and not the cause of disease.

As the Germ Theorists strongly opposed this pivotal point—claiming that the germs were present but undiscovered—their argument was met by destroying all uncertainty and dealing with solid facts that they could not deny. Bearing in mind that the germs are the products of disease, and thus harmless, the Bio-Chemic Theorists of Toronto carried out the following experiments:

**Typhoid Germs.**  
In testing Typhoid Germs forty-five (45) experiments were made

in which water, milk, bread, cheese, meat, fish, potatoes, head-cheese, butter, porridge, etc., was infected with millions of fresh vigorous Typhoid Germs; that food containing the germs was used in the ordinary way; and, as the Bio-Chemics expected, there was not a single instance of any sign of Typhoid. Here we have 45 facts—not assumptions—to build on.

**Pneumonia Germs.**

In this series of nineteen (19) experiments milk, water and food was infected with millions of Pneumonia Germs, and although no precautions were taken to prevent the disease, no sign of the disease developed.

**Diphtheria Germs.**

A total of forty (40) experiments were made with Germs of Diphtheria, in which they were not only taken in water, milk, bread, porridge, potatoes, cheese, butter, etc., etc., but other millions of germs were swabbed in the nose and throat, and every facility given them to develop, but in spite of all efforts they refused to develop, although they would grow rapidly on nutrient agar. These tests were made scientifically, and part of the germs were grown from stock tubes furnished by one of the best known laboratories in North America. These are facts, not opinions.

**Tuberculosis Germs.**

In this series of tests (19) experiments were made; special attention was paid to thoroughly infect milk, water, bread, meat, potatoes, etc., etc., with millions of germs, fresh and vigorous, but in spite of every effort to get them to develop they were positively inert. The germs were human (not bovine) Tubercle Bacilli Germs.

**Meningitis Germs.**

As these are the dreaded germs supposed to cause Infantile Paralysis, and believed to germinate in the nasal mucus membrane, especial pains were taken to infect the nostrils and throat with fresh colonies of germs; they were swept over the turbinated bones, pushed into sinuses, swabbed over the floor of the nostrils, rubbed on the tonsils, placed beneath the tongue, taken in milk, water and food but in spite of coaxing, coddling and urging, they refused to produce a solitary sign of meningitis in the eleven tests made.

Ten experiments were made with mixed germs, viz.: Typhoid and Pneumonia, Typhoid and Tuberculosis, Diphtheria and Tuberculosis, Typhoid and Meningitis, Diphtheria and Meningitis, Diphtheria and Pneumonia etc., but all failed to produce any effect.

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## An Epic Of Wireless Conversation

(Continued from Page 6)

She will then give in. Can you see my smoke N.E. of you?"

"No. No. She is too close. We are stopped and blowing off."

"It was the encouragement of the wireless rather than a faint wisp of smoke on the skyline that persuaded the captain to continue the struggle."

"Can see you distinctly," called the Cryptic. "Am about S. W. from you. Hold on."

"Yes, yes. He is running away."

"In what direction?"

"He is on the port side; we are between you and him. Hurry, hurry, he is getting abeam to torpedo us."

"I am coming."

"We are keeping him astern now."

"O.K. Endeavor to keep his attention. You will be quite safe when—"

"Your signals are weak."

"How are you steering?"

"I can't find out how we are steering. It is zigzag."

"Tell captain to steer straight. (The zigzag course was wrong, as the submarine was astern.) How many masts have you?"

"For God's sake hurry up. Firing like blazes."

"And again another ship anxiously repeats the question—'Cryptic wants to know if you can see his smoke?'"

"Yes, yes, a long way off. Can see your smoke astern."

"What bearing? What has happened to you?"

"They can't tell what bearing. Now sinking."

"Are you torpedoed?"

"Not yet, but shots in plenty hitting. Broken glass all round me."

"Stick it, old man."

"Yes, you bet. Say, the place stinks of gunpowder. Am lying on the floor."

"Nothing better, old man. Keep your pecker up, old man."

"Sure thing. Is there anything else coming to us, please?"

"Yes, I am Cryptic. Coming full speed, 33 knots."

"We are coming. We are coming. Have you launched all boats?"  
"Yes. Two ships coming, one abeam and one on port quarter. Don't worry. He has gone. Destroyers now alongside."

Those are only a few snatches of this wonderful conversation by wireless. Mr. Noyes is right when he says that "few of us at home realize the intensity of this ocean drama, in which our merchant seamen night and day are risking their lives to keep our sea-roads open."

And when we say "seamen" we must never forget the wireless operator, as this epic conversation shows.—Public Opinion

## A Regiment Of The Rejected

(From the Albany Argus)

It would be an interesting experiment to form a regiment of those men who have been rejected for slight physical disabilities and send it to the front. It's dollars to doughnuts that these men would be so put on their mettle that they would make a record to be proud of.

## His Need

(From the Boston Transcript)

"Being a poor young man, you need a thrifty, economical wife."  
"Not at all. What I need is a rich and liberal wife."

## A Chance For A Printer

(From the Mounds (Ill.) Herald)

Wanted A printer to take entire charge of my weekly paper while I go to war. Job may be permanent.



The Paint with the largest Sale in China  
"Cygnite" White ready for us

Specially manufactured for the Far Eastern Climate.  
"Cygnite" will last where White Zinc, White Lead and other Paints fail, will neither powder off nor assume a glassy condition.  
Specified by all the leading Architects.

Large stocks kept at Branch House of Actual Manufacturers.

Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark, Ltd  
SHANGHAI

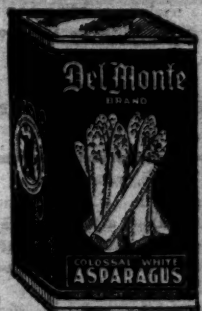
## THOS. COOK AND SON

STEAMSHIP AND RAILWAY  
TICKETS.

2 and 3 Foochow Road, Shanghai

Telephone 2203 and 2218

## The Very Thing for the Hot Weather!



Del Monte  
CANNED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES  
PACKED WHERE THEY RIPEN—THE DAY THEY'RE PICKED



For Sale at All First-class Dealers

AGENTS:

Connell Bros. Company

Shanghai, Hongkong and Singapore

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

BENJAMIN AND POTTS  
SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
<b>Banks</b>	
H. K. and S. B.	\$617 1/2
Chartered	\$59 10s.
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Cathay, ordy	Tls. 6 1/4 B.
<b>Marine Insurances</b>	
Canton	Tls. 340 S.
North China	Tls. 140 S.
Union of Canton	Tls. 800 S.
Yangtze	\$197 1/4 B.
<b>Fire Insurances</b>	
China Fire	\$143 B.
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 320 S.
<b>Shipping</b>	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 100
Indo-China Def.	Tls. 100
"Shell"	Tls. 100
Shanghai Tug (C)	Tls. 16 B.
Shanghai Tug (F)	Tls. 46 1/4
Kochien	Tls. 36
<b>Mining</b>	
Kaiping	Tls. 9.60
Oriental Cons.	27s. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 0.80
Raub	\$2.45 B.
<b>Docks</b>	
Hongkong Dock	\$111 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 94
New Eng. Works	Tls. 12 1/2 B.
<b>Wharves</b>	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 70 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 68
<b>Lands and Hotels</b>	
Anglo French Land	Tls. 54
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 77 1/2 B.
Welshaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	\$9 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 50
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
<b>Cotton Mills</b>	
Ewo Pref.	Tls. 162 1/2
International	Tls. 100
International Pref.	Tls. 93
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 43
Oriental	Tls. 70 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 43
Kung Yik	Tls. 136
Tungtsipoo	Tls. 15 1/2
Yangtsipoo Pref.	Tls. 5 1/2 B.
<b>Industrials</b>	
Butter Tils.	Tls. 23
China Sugar	\$93 B.
Green Island	Tls. 6.90 B.
Tungksai	Tls. 15 B.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 135
<b>Stores</b>	
Hall and Holts	\$15 B.
Llewellyn	\$60
Lane, Crawford	\$95 B.
Moutrie	\$35
Watson	\$6 B.
Wicks	Tls. 15 1/2 S.
<b>Rubbers (Local)</b>	
Alms	Tls. 10 B.
Amherst	Tls. 1 S.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 10.05
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 5.30
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 35 B.
Batu Anam	Tls. 1 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 4
Bute	Tls. 1 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1.20 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 11 1/2
Cheng	Tls. 2.60 B.
Consolidated	Tls. 2.60 B.
Dominion	Tls. 9 1/2 B.
Gula Kalumpung	Tls. 7.10 B.
Jaya Consolidated	Tls. 19 B.
Kamunting	Tls. 6 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.90
Kapayang	Tls. 27 1/2
Karan	Tls. 12 1/2
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 7.80
Kroowek Java	Tls. 17
Padang	Tls. 13 1/2 B.
Pengkalen Durlan	Tls. 9
Pernata	Tls. 3 1/2
Repah	Tls. 1 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.90 B.
Seokee	Tls. 7 1/2
Samambu	Tls. 1.20 B.
Senawang	Tls. 14
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.80 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6 B.
Shai Malay-pref.	Tls. 12.20
Shanghai Fahang	Tls. 13
Sungala	Tls. 1.55
Sung Duri	Tls. 11 1/2
Sua Manggis	Tls. 5 1/2 B.
Shai Kalantan	Tls. 0.82 1/2
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.80
Caiping	Tls. 2
Tanah Merah	Tls. 1.05 B.
Tebong	Tls. 20 B.
Ulobi	Tls. 2.15 B.
Zlangbe	Tls. 5 B.
<b>Miscellaneous</b>	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 110
Cully Dairy	Tls. 10 S.
Shai Elec. and Ash.	\$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 70 1/2
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 20 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 30
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30
Shai Telephone	Tls. 80 S.
Shai Waterworks	Tls. 210 B.

Sell ra. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers.  
Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road  
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"BICKERTON'S"  
PRIVATE HOTEL

Established 22 years.  
103 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by tram, which stop at the door. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. 60 rooms, separate baths, with hot and cold water, electric light, Tel. W. 1271.

## British-America Assurance Co.

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.  
FRAZAR & Co.

## Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, August 4, 1917.

## Money and Bullion

Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate  
@ 95=Tls. 1.05 @ 72.6=Mex. 1.45  
Mex. dollars Market rate .72.225  
Bar Silver .1813  
Copper Cash .1813  
Sovereigns:  
Buying rate @ 3/11=Tls. 5.10  
exch. @ 72.5=Mex. \$7.04  
Peking Bar .03  
Native Interest .03

## Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver .41d.  
Bank Rate of Discount .5%  
Market rate of discount:  
3 m-s. .5%  
4 m-s. .5%  
6 m-s. .5%  
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.  
Ex. Paris on London .Fr. 27.41  
Ex. N. Y. on London .T.T. \$ 47.61  
Consols .£ 1

## Exchange Closing Quotations

London .T.T. 3/11 1/2  
India .T.T. Demand 3/11 1/2  
Paris .T.T. Demand 54 1/2  
New York .T.T. Demand 93 1/2  
Hongkong .T.T. Demand 93 1/2  
Japan .T.T. Demand 67 1/2  
Batavia .T.T. Demand 22 1/2

## Bank's Buying Rates

London .4 m-s. Cds. 4 1/2  
London .4 m-s. Doey. 4 1/2  
London .6 m-s. Cds. 4 1/2  
London .6 m-s. Doey. 4 1/2  
Paris .4 m-s. Cds. 56 1/2  
New York .4 m-s. 96 1/2

## Customs House Exchange Rates For

August  
Hk. Tls. 4.63 @ 3/10 1/2  
" 1 @ 53 1/2 = Francs 5.94  
" 1 No quotation Market 4.85  
" 0.97 @ 92 1/2 Gold \$1  
" 1 @ 55 1/2 Yen 2.00  
" 1 @ 15 Rupees 3.25  
" 1 @ 48 1/2 Roubles \$5.35  
" 1 @ 1.50 Mex. \$1.50  
† Nominal.

## London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service  
London, August 3.—Today's rubber prices were:  
Plantation First Latex Crepe:  
Spot: 2s. 5 1/2d. paid.  
October to December: 2s. 7 1/2d. value.  
Tendency of Market: Quiet.  
Previous Quotation, London, Aug. 2:  
Spot: 2s. 5 1/2d. paid.  
October to December: 2s. 7 1/2d. paid.  
Tendency of Market: Firmer.

## BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service  
London, August 3.—Today's silver prices were:  
Bar Silver Spot: 41d. Continental and other demand, Steady.  
Previous Quotation, London, Aug. 2:  
Bar Silver Spot: 40 1/2d. Small demand, but scanty supplies.  
London, August 4.—Today's silver prices were:  
Bar Silver Spot: 41d. Steady.  
Previous Quotation, London, Aug. 3:  
Bar Silver Spot: 41d. Continental and other demand, Steady.

## LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Sumatra director and manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijnbouw en Landbouwenplantatie in Langkat:  
"The output of crude oil for August 3 was 75 tons."

## MAKE YOUR WILL

and

## INSURE YOUR LIFE.

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to the

China Mutual Life Insurance

Co., Ltd.

10 Canton Road,

SHANGHAI.

## Rubber Outputs

	June	July
Alma	29,500	30,000
Amherst	2,023	1,573
Anglo-Dutch	66,000	49,000
Anglo-Java	122,000	70,000
Ayer Tawah	29,050	27,000
Batu Anam	20,000	20,492
Bukit Toh Alang	15,980	14,434
Bute	14,615	—
Chempedak	11,423	12,083
Chemor	18,711	19,923
Cheng	14,993	14,941
Consolidated	48,614	44,702
Dominion	42,592	44,874
Guala Kalumpung	110,816	102,000
Shipped to London	97,456	4,480
Cocoonuts	285,000	317,000
Rainfall (inches)	1	3 1/2
Java Consolidated	59,000	47,000
Kamunting	17,875	15,917
Kapala	7,520	7,626
Kapayang	12,851	13,234
Karan	9,949	9,120
Kota Bahroe	44,819	45,725
Kroowek	29,000	20,000
Langkat	58,753	69,409
Padang	26,500	31,000
Pernata	4,729	—
Pengkalen	12,751	12,723
Repah	12,000	11,000
Samagaga	16,800	17,645
Semambu	12,863	13,000
Sen Koo	8,475	8,703
Senawang	30,145	31,541
Shanghai-Malay	19,794	—
Shanghai-Klebang	12,372	12,760
Shanghai-Kelantan	12,000	13,500
Shanghai-Seremban	11,000	12,811
Shanghai-Pahang	16,329	15,280
Shanghai-Sumatra	53,510	53,890
Sua Manggis	20,000	19,300
Sungala	8,157	7,981
Sungai Duri	17,460	17,794
Taipung	18,000	—
Tanah Merah	28,000	—
Tebong	69,000	75,000
Ulobi	5,339	5,241
Zlangbe	47,590	33,000

## Singapore Rubber Auction

Singapore, July 25 and 26.—Following were the prices realised at the rubber Auction this week:

Sheet:  
Smoked Fine Ribbed, @ 132/125  
Smoked Good Ribbed, @ 124/108  
Smoked Fine Plain, @ 113/110  
Smoked Good Plain, @ 108  
Unsmoked Fine Ribbed, @ 116/110  
Unsmoked Good Ribbed, @ 116/112  
Unsmoked Fine Plain, @ 116/112  
Unsmoked Good Plain, @ 116/112  
Crepe:  
Fine Pale Thin, @ 131/128  
Good Pale Thin, @ 127/118  
Good Pale Blanket, @ 119/114  
Good Brown Blanket, @ 110  
Fine Brown, @ 118/110  
Good Brown, @ 110/95  
Good Dark, @ 101/85  
Barky, @ 89/50  
Scrap:  
Virgin and Pressed, @ 86/55  
Loose, @ 80/68  
Sheet:  
Cupwashing, @ 102/90  
Catalogued for sale Pels, 15,297 (about 911 tons).  
Sold Pels, 10,930 (about 651 tons).  
At this week's auction which occupied two days, the demand for Standard Grades was maintained and there was a slight improvement in prices all round. Shortly after the opening of the sale, \$131 was paid for Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet and Fine Pale Crepe, whereas later in the day, two lots of Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet reached \$132, which is the top price of the sale. The average prices were about \$128 for Sheet and \$130 for Crepe. There were only small offerings of Plain Smoked, and both descriptions of Unsmoked Sheet, and the prices obtained show a slight increase on last week. Competition for medium and lower grades of Crepe was rather better than last week, and especially Fine Brown Crepe was wanted. There were only few lots of Scrap on offer.  
At the continuation of the sale this morning, the tendency was rather easier. Fine Pale Crepe reached \$131, whereas Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet did not exceed \$120 per picul. The interest in all other grades slackened off considerably, and towards the close of the sale bids were hardly obtainable for lower Crepes.

## Wedding

Li-Ho

A Christian wedding was solemnised at the Mariyrs' Hall, Chinese Y.M.C.A., yesterday by Pastor Yuen of the Methodist Church when Mr. Li Young-bing of the First Provincial Agricultural College, Nanking, was united in wedlock to Miss Seuling Ho, of the McIntyre School, daughter of Rear-Admiral P. C. Ho. Mr. David Z. T. Yui of the Y.M.C.A. acted as master of ceremony. Messrs. D. T. Lee and G. S. Ling were best men and a sister of the bride was bridesmaid. The bride wore a pink silk dress and carried beautiful white roses, was given away by her father. Many prominent Shanghai residents and members of the Chinese Navy were present. A wedding banquet was given following the ceremony at the Siao Yu Tien Restaurant on Hankow Road.

## News Brevities

Mr. Hugo Reiss, of Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co., and Consul for Brazil, left Shanghai Sunday for Tsingtau.  
Mr. R. H. Rowlett and Mr. J. D. Read, of the Shanghai-Nanking Railway, left for England Sunday to offer their services.  
Mr. W. H. Trencard Davis, of the Commercial Union Assurance Co., who has been in ill health of late, is leaving for Australia on the Aki Maru. He expects to return in November.  
The preliminary examination of Manuel Neumer, an American soldier arrested in Nagasaki on charge of causing the death of a Japanese tradesman on July 20, has been completed and he was committed for public trial at the Nagasaki Chio Saibansho.  
Among the passengers leaving for Japan and Canada Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Ure, Mr. and Mrs. D. McColl, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dollar, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Barff, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Nassim, and Messrs. E. M. Ross, H. D. Hilliard, H. E. Gibson, G. D. Coutts, D. Fleming and A. Kriel.

A new first-class hotel is to be opened within the next three months in the Nagasaki Hotel building. It is reported. The building has been unoccupied for several years and has just been leased.  
Mr. H. E. Morris and Mr. A. L. Blythenden returned from Japan Saturday and Mr. H. E. Arnold returned from Hongkong on Sunday.  
A man was found with his throat cut in a Chinese food shop on Wuh Road early yesterday morning. He had entered the place with five other men and is believed to have been their victim. At Shantung Road Hospital it was said his condition is critical. He could make no statement.

Reuter's Service  
London, August 3.—Today's metal prices were:  
Standard Copper G. M. B. f. o. b. 125 5/8  
American Electrolytic 99 1/2 137 0/0  
Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton 30 0/0  
Soft Lead "Spanish" f.o.b. 30 0/0  
Quicksilver, Second hand  
Ex Warehouse f.o.b. (1/- Extra in flask) 20 0/0  
Tinplates, L. C. W. 20/24 100 lbs. 112 Sheets per Case tin lined Cases without Hoops f.o.b. Wales 37s. 0d. to 43s. 0d.  
Muntz Metal, f.o.b. London or Liverpool (less 1%) 161d. Nom.  
Standard Tin (Cash) 246 0/0  
Spelter (ordy soft) f.o.b. 52 0/0  
Galvanised Sheets 24 Gauge f.o.b. 26 5/0  
Standard Tin (3 Months) 242 10/0  
York  
Bar Silver (Spot) G. \$4.76 1/2  
Bank of England Rate 41d.  
Discount 5%  
Market rate of Discount 4-13/16 1/2  
Cotton: Egyptian F. G. F. 31.00d.  
Cotton: M. G. Fine Seinde and Bengal 16.00d.  
Cotton: Mid American Spot, 19.35d.  
Plantation Rubber August 2s. 6d. Paid.  
Liverpool 14,283 tons.  
Price of Common to Low Medium Tea fixed 11 pence to Shilling.

## U. K. METAL MARKET

Reuter's Service  
London, August 3.—Today's metal prices were:  
Standard Copper G. M. B. f. o. b. 125 5/8  
American Electrolytic 99 1/2 137 0/0  
Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton 30 0/0  
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Cotton: Mid American Spot, 19.35d.  
Plantation Rubber August 2s. 6d. Paid.  
Liverpool 14,283 tons.  
Price of Common to Low Medium Tea fixed 11 pence to Shilling.

## COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuter's Service  
London, August 3.—Today's rates, prices and deliveries were:  
Consols 2 1/2% for account 158  
Cheques on London at Paris Fr. 27.18  
T.T. on London at New York  
Bar Silver (Spot) G. \$4.76 1/2  
Bank of England Rate 41d.  
Discount 5%  
Market rate of Discount 4-13/16 1/2  
Cotton: Egyptian F. G. F. 31.00d.  
Cotton: M. G. Fine Seinde and Bengal 16.00d.  
Cotton: Mid American Spot, 19.35d.  
Plantation Rubber August 2s. 6d. Paid.  
Liverpool 14,283 tons.  
Price of Common to Low Medium Tea fixed 11 pence to Shilling.

Artichokes each 10-12  
Asparagus per doz. 15-20  
Bamboo Shoots per lb. none  
Broad Beans per lb. none  
Beetroot per bunch 1-2  
Cabbage each 5-8  
Celery per bunch 2-3  
Carrots per bunch 2-3  
Cauliflower each none  
Egg Plant per lb. 4-5  
French Beans per lb. 10-12  
Leeks per bunch 2-3  
Mushrooms per lb. none  
Onions per lb. 2-3  
Peas per lb. none  
Potatoes per pic. 150-1.80  
Pumpkins per bunch 5-6  
Radishes per bunch 1-2  
Spinach per lb. 4-6  
Tomatoes per bunch 5-6  
Turnips per bunch none

Grain and Flour  
Flour American per 50 lb. \$5.50  
Flour Shanghai per 50 lb. \$2.55  
Rice per 200lb. \$7.40  
Milk  
Foreign dairies per bottles 20  
Chinese dairies " 17  
Fuel  
House Coal per ton Tls. 14.50  
Stove Coal " 18.85  
Firewood per 50 bundles \$1.00  
Fodder  
Barley 144 lb. \$2.55  
Brans " 3.05  
E. KILNER, Chief Inspector.

## Obituary

Mr. R. C. de Souza

Within the last two months the Portuguese community of Shanghai has suffered the loss by death of two of its most popular members. The latest victim is Mr. Rozendo Carmo-da-Silva de Souza, who passed away on Sunday morning at the General Hospital from complications which set in after an operation performed on ulcerated vocal cords. Although he had been ailing for over two months he was not confined to his bed until the last week, and was quite cheerful, even making arrangements to go away from town on a vacation.  
Mr. Souza was born in Hongkong in 1870, and was educated in the St. Joseph's College there. Early in his life he went over to Amoy, where he was employed on the staff of Messrs. Russell and Co., secretaries to the Yangtze Insurance Co. prior to the present organisation. In 1889 he was transferred to the Shanghai office, and has been in charge of the Yangtze Insurance Book office since 1892.  
In his younger days Mr. Souza was a good cricketer and a keen sportsman. He leaves a widow and four children to mourn him.  
Mr. Frank Souza, of Cornes and Co., Kobe, who is expected to arrive here today, and Mr. Antonio Souza of Manila are his surviving brothers. The funeral services take place this evening at 6 o'clock at the Bubbling Well Cemetery.

## EXPLOSION IN HANGCHOW

A powder depot in the suburbs of Hangchow exploded through spontaneous combustion Saturday night, according to a telegram sent by Tuchen Yang Shan-teh of Chekiang to the local Defence Commissioner, General Lu Yung-hsian. Nine guards of the depot were injured and all the residences in the vicinity collapsed. The power has been kept there for more than ten years.

## Provision Prices

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollars cents at Hongkong market as compiled on July 31, 1917.

## Butcher's Meat

Beef per lb. 14-20  
Mutton " 16-20  
Pork " 25-30  
Veal " 25-30

## Fish

Bream per lb. none  
Cod " 14-16  
Mandarin " 40-50  
Mackerel " 16-20  
Pomfret " 16-20  
Salmon " none  
Small " none  
Sole " 16-20  
Whitebait " none

## Game, Poultry and Eggs

Deer each none  
Duck per doz. 40-70  
Eggs per doz. 16-18  
Fowl per lb. 20-22  
Geese each 60-100  
Hare " none  
Partridge " none  
Pheasant " none  
Pigeons " none  
Plover " 15-18  
Quail " none  
Snipe " none  
Turkey " none  
Teal per lb. 30-35  
Wild Duck each none  
Wild Geese " none  
Woodcock " none  
Wild Pigeons " none

## Fruit

Apples per lb. 3-12  
Apricots " 8-10  
Bananas " 5-6  
Cherries " none  
Cocoanuts each 15-18  
Chestnuts " none  
Figs per doz. 6-8  
Grapes per lb. none  
Lemons per lb. 7-8  
Lichees per lb. 15-20  
Mangoes each none  
Mangosteens per doz. none  
Melons each 10-15  
Oranges per lb. 10-12  
Peaches per lb. 8-12  
Persimmons " none  
Peeboes per lb. none  
Pumpkins " none  
Pineapples each 10-15  
Pears " 8-10  
Strawberries per lb. 6-8  
Walnuts " 10-12

## Vegetables

Artichokes each 10-12  
Asparagus per doz. 15-20  
Bamboo Shoots per lb. none  
Broad Beans per lb. none  
Beetroot per bunch 1-2  
Cabbage each 5-8  
Celery per bunch 2-3  
Carrots per bunch 2-3  
Cauliflower each none  
Egg Plant per lb. 4-5  
French Beans per lb. 10-12  
Leeks per bunch 2-3  
Mushrooms per lb. none  
Onions per lb. 2-3  
Peas per lb. none  
Potatoes per pic. 150-1.80  
Pumpkins per bunch 5-6  
Radishes per bunch 1-2  
Spinach per lb. 4-6  
Tomatoes per bunch 5-6  
Turnips per bunch none

## Grain and Flour

Flour American per 50 lb. \$5.50  
Flour Shanghai per 50 lb. \$2.55  
Rice per 200lb. \$7.40  
Milk  
Foreign dairies per bottles 20  
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Stove Coal " 18.85  
Firewood per 50 bundles \$1.00  
Fodder  
Barley 144 lb. \$2.55  
Brans " 3.05  
E. KILNER, Chief Inspector.

## Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

## Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital ..... £1,300,000  
Reserve Fund ..... 1,900,000  
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..... 1,300,000Head Office:  
38 Bishopsgate, LONDON, E. C.Court of Directors:  
Mr. Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.

Mr. Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.

W. Cuthbertson, Esq.

Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.

W. H. Neville Goshen, Esq.

The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.

W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.

Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

The Bank of England.

The London City &amp; Midland Bank Limited.

The London County and Westminster Bank Limited.

The National Provincial Bank of England Limited.

The National Bank of Scotland Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar, Hanoi, Peking, Bangkok, Ipoh, Penang, Batavia, Karachi, Saigon, Bombay, Klang, Seremban, Calcutta, Kobe, Singapore, Canton, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Cebu, Madras, Sourabaya, Colombo, Malacca, Taiping, Delhi, Manila, (F. M. S.), Fochow, Medan, Tavy, (Lower), Hongkong, Peking, Tientsin, Hongkong, Penang, Yokohama.

Shanghai Branch, 13 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

L. R. BRENNER, Manager.

## BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 45,000,000.00  
Reserves ..... Frs. 45,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok, Hanoi, Saigon, Battambang, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Mongtze, Singapore, @Jibouti, Noumea, Tientsin, Oudichery, Peking, Tourane, Haiphong, Papeete, Hankou, Pnom-Penh.

In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.

In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Pays-Bas; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

## Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Societe Anonyme

Paid-up Capital ..... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.

London office: 2 Bishopsgate.

Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President: JEAN JADOT

Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:

London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.

Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.

Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.

Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.

Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.

New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Tael and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS, Manager for China.

## Hongkong &amp; Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ..... \$15,000,000

Reserve Funds:  
Sterling, £1,500,000 @ 2s. \$15,000,000  
Silver ..... 13,500,000  
\$32,500,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:  
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Deputy Chairman.

Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton.

F. C. Butcher, Esq.

A. H. Compton, Esq.

G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.

C. S. Gubbay, Esq.

E. V. D. Parr, Esq.

W. L. Pattenden, Esq.

Chief Manager.

Hongkong-N. J. STARR.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy, Ipoh, Peking, Bangkok, Johore, Penang, Batavia, Kobe, Rangoon, Bombay, Kuala Lumpur, Saigon, Calcutta, London, S. Francisco, Canton, Lyons, Shanghai, Colombo, Malacca, Singapore, Fochow, Manila, Sourabaya, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tientsin, Harbin, New York, Tientsin, Hanoi, Yokohama.

London Bankers:

London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.

Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

## Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully-paid) ..... 55,000,000

Reserve Fund ..... 26,900,000

Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ..... 5,500,000

Reserve Fund ..... 1,750,000

Head Office: Peking.

Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.

London Office: 64, Old Broad St., E. C. 2.

Bankers:

London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie &amp; Co.

Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies:

Bombay, Harbin, Peking, Changchun, Hongkong, Shanghai, Chefoo, Newchwang, Tientsin, Dairen, Nicolayevsk, Vladivostok, Hailar, O-Amur, Yokohama, Hankow.

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tael, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZERSKI, G. CARRERE, Managers for China, Japan and India.

## The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital ..... \$ 500,000.00

Reserve ..... \$ 10,000.00

Deposits (Dec. 31, 1916) \$1,400,000.00

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a specialty.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current accounts in both tael and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both tael and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

## The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital ..... \$60,000,000  
Paid-up Capital ..... \$10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:

Peking, Tientsin, Newchwang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tientsin, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanghai, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Fochow, Canton, Nanchang, Talyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,

3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted - on approved securities. Local bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Deposits Accounts in Tael at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.

For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.

For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.

## Hongkong &amp; Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:

12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1. or over \$100, will be received at one time.

Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance.

Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Tael, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours - 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

## Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Frs. 45,000,000

One-third of the Capital, i.e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.

General Manager, A. J. Pernotta.

HEAD OFFICE:

74, Rue St. Lazare, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai.

BANKERS:

In France: Societe Generale pour le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

In London: London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION, Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

## Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1850.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed .. Yen 45,000,000

Capital Paid-up ..... " 30,000,000

Reserve Fund ..... " 21,300,000

London Bankers:

Union of London &amp; Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Antungshan, London, Port Arthur, Bombay, Lioyang, B. Francisco, Calcutta, Los Angeles, Singapore, Changchun, Lyons, Mukden, Sianfu, Dairen, Nankai, Tientsin, Harbin, Newchwang, Tientsin, Hongkong, New York, Honolulu, Osaka, Tientsin, Kobe, Peking.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tael and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

## International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus... U.S. \$5,000,000.00  
Undivided Profits... 1,010,000.00  
U.S. \$7,510,000.00

Head Office:

65 Wall Street, New York National City Bank Building.

London Office:

25 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:

Bombay, Hongkong, Peking, Calcutta, Kobe, San Francisco, Canton, London, Santo Domingo, Cebu, Manila, San Pedro de, Colon, Medellin, Macoris, Hankow, Panama, Shanghai, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution established at:

Bahia, Rio de Janeiro, Buenos Aires, Santiago de Cuba, Genoa, Santos, Havana, San Paulo, Montevideo, Valparaiso, Petrograd.

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transmits all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.

14 Klunkang Road, SHANGHAI.

## Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(NETHERLAND TRADING SOCIETY)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital:

Gulden 60,000,000 (about £5,000,000)

Reserve Fund:

Gulden 9,325,431 (about £827,130)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.

Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:

THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Banjarmasin, Padang, Soerakarta, Bandong, Palembang, Tandjong, Balei, Cheribon, Pekalongan, Tobin-Tinggi, Djember, Penang, Tegal, Djokjakarta, Pontianak, Telok-Betong, Hongkong, Rangoon, Tjilatjap, Kota-Radia, Semarang, Weltevreden, Makassar, Singapore, Medan, Soerabaya.

London Bankers:

Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in tael and dollars.

SHANGHAI INQUIRY ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG, Manager.

## Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000

Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3 per cent per annum.

For 6 months at 4 per cent per annum.

For 12 months at 5 per cent per annum.

On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

## The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorized Capital ..... H\$3,000,000

Subscribed and paid up Capital ..... H\$1,871,500

Reserve Fund ..... H\$ 120,000

Investment reserve fund... H\$ 20,000

Head Office:

No. 4 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:

No. 3 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG, Act. Manager.

## The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorized Capital ..... £1,500,000

Subscribed Capital ..... 1,125,000  
Paid-up Capital ..... 542,500  
Reserve Fund ..... 600,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:

Bank of England, London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Bombay, Howrah, Madras, Calcutta, Kandy, Penang, Colombo, Karachi, Port Louis, Delhi, Kota Bharu (Mauritius), Galle (Kelantan), Rangoon, Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore.

Shanghai Branch.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

R. D. YOUNG, Manager.

7 Nanking Road.

## BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7, 1914 and October 31, 1915.

Paid up Capital: Kwanping Tael 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

60 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits in Tael and Dollars according to arrangements.

Credit granted on Approved Securities and Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

CHAO CHING HUA, Manager.

## SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH

No. 1 Klunkang Road

Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000

Paid-Up Capital ..... Yen 18,750,000

Reserve ..... Yen 1,470,000

Deposits ..... Yen 120,000,000

President, Baron K. SUMITOMO

Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:

Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Nihama, Hiroshima, Yanai, Shimonoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Kukuoka, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow.

London Bankers:

LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED

New York Bankers:

NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the world.

S. KASAHARA, Manager.

Tel. No. 3534 (Sumitomo Bank).

Tel. No. 4663 (Comptroller Office).

## 中華銀行

Chung Foo Union Bank

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916

Head Office: Tientsin

Capital ..... \$2,000,000.00

Paid up Capital ..... \$1,000,000.00

Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:

Tientsin, Chinkiang, Shanghai, Soochow, Peking, Wushih, Hankow, Hangchow, Nanking, Ningpo, Yangchow, Shaohsing, Haichow, Canton, Pengpu, Tientsin, Hongkong.

Shanghai Branch

411, Ningpo Road

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.



## SHIPPING

## N. Y. K.

## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to alteration.)

## EUROPEAN LINE

For London or Liverpool via ports.  
(For Liverpool.)

	Tons	
ATSUTA MARU	12,500	Aug. 17
HITACHI MARU	12,500	Aug. 21
IYO MARU	12,500	Sept. 10

## FOR HONGKONG

SADO MARU	12,500	Aug. 11
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## AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

SADO MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Shinohe	Aug. 26, 1917
SHIDZUOKA MARU	12,500	Capt. I. Noma	Sept. 17
INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Higo	Oct. 13

## SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Suzuki	Aug. 7
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida	Aug. 11
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yui	Aug. 14
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara	Aug. 18
HAKUAI MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Takano	Aug. 21

## SHANGHAI-KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji.)

KUMANO MARU	5,500	Capt. S. Saito	Aug. 9
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yagi	Aug. 16

## FOR JAPAN

IYO MARU	12,500		Aug. 14
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## AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

AKI MARU	12,500		Leave Hongkong Aug. 14, 1917
TANGO MARU	14,000		Sept. 18, 1917
NIKKO MARU	10,000		Oct. 16

## CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

## BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to  
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

Tel. No. 2729.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS  
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE  
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

000 = Midnight, 1330 = 130 p.m.

July 1st, 1917, and until further notice

Mail	Local	Express	Mail	Local	Express
101	101	101	102	102	102
205	205	205	206	206	206
208	208	208	209	209	209
210	210	210	211	211	211
212	212	212	213	213	213
214	214	214	215	215	215
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Local	Express	Local	Express
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Local	Express	Local	Express
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The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST" Conventional Signs.

300 = train runs on Thursday only. 230 = train runs on Fridays only.

300 = on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B = train has buffet car with regular meal service.

S = train has sleep. accom. 1st &amp; 2nd class. S = train has only 1st class sleep. accom.

Application for sleeping accommodation at \$5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tainanfu, Hsuehchow or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, July 1917.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday.

BUYING FOR ARMY  
IS A HUGE TASKPepper And Pickles Are Bought  
By Ton And Shoestrings  
By Carload

Washington, June 29.—Supplies for a million men—a year's needs of everything from beef to shoestrings, and from oats to candy—is a measure of the task which Quartermaster General Sharpe's office has in providing for America's new armies.

Nearly two hundred thousand tons of fresh beef is one item, and besides that there is canned corned and canned roast beef, totaling nearly 8 million pounds more, without including the canned corned beef hash, also among the items.

All told, 343 different items of supplies appear in the quartermaster general's list of rations for issue and sale of clothing and of equipment. The figures given here are on the basis of supplying soldiers located in the United States, so give no help in computing additional needs of this country resulting from military participation in the war.

## Forty-Nine Items on Ration List

Regular rations of Uncle Sam's soldiers call for a list of forty-nine items. In it are over 29,000,000 pounds of coffee, four kinds of tea, and over 25,000 tons of granulated sugar; over \$66,000 gallons of cucumber pickles; over 3,800,000 cans of black pepper and cinnamon, cloves, ginger and nutmeg, totaling 372,000 cans; over 480,700,000 pounds of potatoes; over 55,200,000 pounds of onions; over 300 million pounds of flour, besides hard bread; nearly 1 million gallons of cane syrup; lemon and vanilla flavoring extracts; over 8,200,000 pounds of lard, and over 7,300,000 pounds of butter; canned and dried fish, canned vegetables, evaporated apples and peaches, etc.

## Variety of Fare Possible

The variety of fare possible in regular rations is increased by a list of items for sale to soldiers at cost. The sale list totals 165 items, largely foodstuffs, but including also shaving mugs, pencils, pens, shoe polish, letter paper (23,320 quires), 48,860 pipes, 22,320 razors, toilet articles (among which are 148,800 cans of talcum powder and 3,720 bottles of toilet water), 11,160 spoons of thread, etc.

The foodstuffs in the sale list include canned mushrooms, a variety of canned fruits, vegetables, fish and meats, pickles, maple syrup, ginger ale, sauces, sausage, 305,000 pints of effervescent water, etc. Twenty-Nine Articles of Clothing

Regular articles of clothing are twenty-nine in number. These are figured on initial requirements and upkeep for the first nine months. Here are a few of the items: Belts, 2,000,000; coats, cotton, 2,400,000; coats, woolen, 1,270,000; service hats, 1,825,000; shoe laces, 7,200,000; overcoats, 1,675,000.

Equipment includes ninety articles. Among them are 130,500 axes, 3,450,000 blankets, 23,000 bugles, 1,900,000 cots, 1,440,250 tents of seven kinds, over 1,000,000 gross of buttons, 39,000,000 yards of cotton cloth, etc.

Estimating quantities needed is only a step in the task of supplying an army. Things must be bought—quality tested, contracts made, prices determined, delivery—and then come the problems of transportation, storage and distribution.

## Cameos

A good-sized first night audience met the Cameos at the Olympic Theater last night and liked them. From the brisk demand in the encore line and the animated buzz of approval during the interval, it was evident it liked them very much. And for many reasons—nine at least, counting each Cameo as a reason. For each one of the troupe contributed generously to the happiness of the occasion.

When the curtain rose and the assembled company, in their striking costumes and effective setting, sang their opening chorus and another ensemble number, this same first night audience began to sit up and look expectant. Nor were they disappointed, for other good things followed.

All of the Cameos sing well but the solo numbers of Miss Lillian Gascoine and Miss Peggy Ross and the duets of Miss Lyle Jeffries and Gerald Osborne drew an especial amount of applause and called strongly for encores.

Miss Rhoda Windrum pleased with popular songs and in her humorous number with Mr. Charles Kitts and Mr. Malcolm Prentice's violin won sincere approval.

Then there was Athol Tier. There was no doubt about his popularity. His comedy songs, his comedy dances and above all his comedy appearance were the hit of the evening. He clinched his hold on the affection of the audience with his first number "Small Ugly-Let's!"

There is a chance of program tonight for the amusement and the "Small Ugly-Let's!"

The "Small Ugly-Let's!"

The "Small Ugly-Let's!"

The "Small Ugly-Let's!"

The "Small Ugly-Let's!"

The "Small Ugly-Let's!"

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The "Small Ugly-Let's!"

The "Small Ugly-Let's!"

## British Take Turkish Fort



Another move against the Turks has been made by British forces on the eastern coast of the Red Sea. For Salaf, 175 miles north of Aden, was captured. The evident design is to drive out irregular forces who

## Entente Ministers

## Congratulate Feng

(Continued from Page 1)

ministration and for the preservation of peace.

Driven out of China, the Germans will have no foothold in this part of the world except in Java and thus the maintenance of peace of the Far East will be considerably facilitated.

## Ling, in Shanghai, Answers

## Charge He Stole Seal

In answer to the charge made against him by the Peking Government of carrying away the seal of the Lower House and embezzling \$3,000, Secretary Ling Hui-hung, who is in Shanghai, has made the following statement to the Eastern Times: "The seal should follow the legal legislative body and its whereabouts can be ascertained by the location of that organization. It was not necessary for me to take it away from Peking."

As to the second charge, Ling enclosed a copy of the letter that he addressed to the secretary of the House, giving an account of the \$2,000 that he had received. He claims that the Peking Ministry of Finance still owes him \$1,

# Business and Official Notices

## MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2457.

PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.  
WESTERN DISTRICT BRANCH.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Council has assumed the control and administration of the educational establishment at No. 88 Avenue Road heretofore known as the Shanghai High School and Kindergarten, which, until further notice, will be considered as a Branch of the Public School for Girls.

The School will reopen on Thursday, September 13, at 9 a.m. for the reception of girls under 12 years of age and of boys under 9 years of age.

The Mistress-in-charge will be in attendance at the School on Monday, September 3, and Wednesday, September 12, from 9.30 a.m. to 11.30 a.m., to enrol pupils and answer inquiries.

The monthly fee is \$8, or for Kindergarten children \$5; for a family of two children a reduction of 20 per cent., and for one of three or more children a reduction of 33-1/3 per cent., will be made.

By Order.

E. S. BENDOW ROWE,

Assistant Secretary.

Council Room,  
Shanghai, August 6, 1917.

14685

## Shanghai-Sumatra Tobacco Co., Limited.

SCRIP for the new issue of shares in the above-named Company are now ready and will be exchanged for Banker's Receipts at the office of the General Agents.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
GEORGE MCBAIN,  
General Agents,  
1 The Bund.

August 6, 1917.

14686

## FOR SALE

FOR SALE: One "Victoria" Carriage (Paris manufacture) with Australian horse complete with harness, etc. Apply Box No. 415, THE CHINA PRESS.

14693

## S.S. "HATTIE LUCKENBACH"

The s.s. "Hattie Luckenbach" is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai-Hongkew Pootung East Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their B/Ls. for counter signature and take immediate delivery of the goods. All claims against this steamer must be sent in within 10 days after completion of the steamer's discharge, or they will not be recognised. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by the consignees of the cargo. Examination of damaged goods will take place at the wharf on August 11th, at 10 a.m.

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.,  
Agents,  
Union Building.

14656

## Valuable Buildings FOR SALE

Two foreign-style, 4-storied houses, situated on Weihaiwei Road, Nos. 28 and 29, known as "Tsa Roo," (酒樓), occupying about 3 mow of land, with garden, tennis court, garage, stable, servants' quarters, verandah, electric lights and bells; also gas lights and water; also 5 one-storied houses, close to the street, rented \$12.00 each. For inspection and particulars, please apply to the Accounting Room of the above address, after 2 p.m.

14645

## Do you want some BIG NICE American Potatoes

@ 12 cts per lb.?

Then, call in and buy some of the new shipment just received by

C. Eddie &amp; Company

111-5 Broadway, Shanghai

Telephone North 639

## Steamers

for Purchase or Sale.

Only bona fide applications will be entertained.

C. A. MARTINHO MARQUES,

Ship Broker,

96 Szechuen Road.  
Tel. No. 380.

## If you were to find an enterprising Chinese tailor who—

Kept up with the latest modes  
Fitted you to your complete satisfaction  
Gave you first quality goods  
And then charged you ONE fair PRICE, according to quality.

## WHAT WOULD YOU DO?

You'd send immediately for—

## THOM SHING TAILOR

619 Tiendong Road, near Broadway.

White Serge, Shantung Silk, Pongee, Pea Jackets, Fall Suits &amp; Overcoats.

## NOTICE OF REMOVAL

We have this day removed to 130-A Szechuen Road, next to the Y.M.C.A. Building.

All business will be transacted there.

LEE HING PRINTING CO.  
Telephone 3736.

Shanghai, Aug. 3, 1917.

14655

## The Hwa Yeng Carpet Factory

has removed to

more extensive premises

at

127 Peking Road

Orders undertaken at moderate prices

## KINGMAN & BROS.

DENTAL-SURGEONS  
of the Philadelphia Dental College  
and Garretson's Hospital of

Oral Surgery,  
Philadelphia, U.S.A.,  
Will perform all

Kinds of dental operation on modern Scientific principles

And supply

Teeth of Superior Workmanship in Vulcanite, Gold and Alloy Plates, Gold Crown and Bridge Work.

All works are guaranteed to entire satisfaction.

No. 40 Szechuen Road.

18700

## The Shanghai Stonebreaking Works

SUPPLYING OF 1/2", 1" and 1 1/2" Chips and Sand from Hangchow Quarry Stone broken by Marsden Stonebreaker.

DRADING IN Ningpo Gravel and Sand, Granite, Clay, and other Aggregates for road and pavement making and Concrete Construction.

WORKS:

Sicawei, French  
Concession, SHANGHAI.

SOLE AGENTS:

THE TUNGCHI TRANSPORTATION CO.  
638-A: Tiendong Road, SHANGHAI.

14552

# RING UP 3809

for a comfortable 5-passenger car

PER HOUR \$4.00 PER HOUR

CENTRAL GARAGE CO., LTD.

2a Jinkee Road.

## JUST ARRIVED

## MEUX'S STOUT

In excellent condition

## GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

Wine Merchants

Tel. Central 2021

## Dr. Carr, L.D.S., D.D.S.

Dental Surgeon,

Room No. 104. Telephone No. 280

Astor House Hotel, Shanghai.

By appointment

We offer at cut prices  
Children's Summer Underwear

Porous Mesh Union Suits

India Gauze Vests

Lisle and Gauze Ribbed Vests

Infants' Wrappers

also

Children's Sandals

Tennis Shoes

Hosiery.

## H. G. HILL & CO.

119 Szechuen Road.

## NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Power of Attorney granted by us on April 13th, 1917, to Clarence Howell Butler to sign our firm "per Procuration" is now cancelled by mutual consent.

J. P. BISSET & Co.  
14675

When you think

of

Szechuen Province

Think of

## WIDLER & CO.,

Chungking, W. China.

Born 1915—Still Existing

ZUNG LEE &amp; SONS, (W. Z. Zee &amp; Sons, Est. 1895), BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

## METALS AND HARDWARE

Contractors to Governments, Municipalities, Railways, Tramways, etc.

## SPOT CARGO

## SOLE LEATHER

SIDES, BENDS STRIPS.

Just Arrived per S.S. Venezuela

## KNAPP & BAXTER, INC.

5th Floor, 6 Kiukiang Road.

Tel. No. 1860

Chinese Dept. No. 1625.



## ADDING

AND

## LISTING

MACHINES

FROM \$10 U.S.C. UPWARDS

## THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

4 CANTON ROAD, SHANGHAI.

## The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.'s

## GARAGE ENTRANCE

is only from

Bubbling Well Road.

A. 7.

## SALE

of

## S/S "POLTAVA"

WRECK

(3,477 tons gross, built 1909)

TENDERS are invited for the sale of S.S. "POLTAVA," wreck, for breaking-up purposes only—her Hull, Tackle, Apparel, Furniture, Machinery, Boilers and everything connected therewith, as they lie at the North Saddle Islands.

Tenders will be received till the 7th August.

For conditions and further particulars, apply to

RUSSIAN VOLUNTEER FLEET.

No. 1, The Bund.

14620

## SITUATION VACANT

WANTED: Experienced Dental Surgeon has a vacancy for a pupil to learn Dentistry. Apply to Box 410, THE CHINA PRESS for particulars and premium.

14687 A.19.

QUICK AND GOOD writers wanted to address envelopes in Chinese and English. Temporary employment in a Shanghai office. Write in English, giving a reference, particulars as to education, also as to previous employment (if any), and stating weekly salary required to Box 406, THE CHINA PRESS.

14676 A.5.

WANTED, a competent stenographer for an outpost. Apply to Box 400, THE CHINA PRESS.

14662 A.9.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

## APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, small unfurnished flat (three rooms), Central district. Moderate rental. Apply to Box 411, THE CHINA PRESS.

14688

WANTED, small furnished flat or rooms, without board, suitable for young married couple. French-town or Western district preferred. Occupation 1st October. Apply to Box 398, THE CHINA PRESS.

14654 A.7.

## OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

37 A-B, Canton Road: Offices to let in China Press Building. Apply at THE CHINA PRESS or 10, Yangtszepoo Road.

14617 A.7

TO LET, from 15th August or later, spacious offices and godowns. Centrally situated. Apply to The China Strawbraid Export Co., 13, Kiukiang Road.

14616 A.7

## Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

## APARTMENTS

## WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms (Front and back, with bathrooms and verandah) to let. Moderate prices. Good table.

Tel. 3482.

1407

## Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens

Phone 1946

Easy little rooms to let with all comforts for the summer. Kitchens and food personally supervised by the proprietress.

TO LET, in select boarding house near Bund, very desirable well-furnished double and single rooms, with good board and service. Cool airy flat, lift and phone. Reasonable terms. Apply to Box 413, THE CHINA PRESS.

14690

FOR immediate possession: To let in neutral house, flat of three rooms, verandah, kitchen and bathrooms. Western district. \$75 monthly, including taxes and water. Apply to Box 408, THE CHINA PRESS.

14683 A.9.

TO LET, furnished flat at 113 Bubbling Well Road, quite separate; own kitchen, etc., and garage, every modern convenience and comfortable: Suitable for married couple, or can be arranged for two bachelors. Rent Tls. 95. Apply on premises, or by letter to Box 407, THE CHINA PRESS.

14682 A.7.

MRS. MARY GEORGE (American), begs to notify that she has opened up a boarding house at 31 Boone Road, and is prepared to accept boarders at reasonable rates. The rooms are nicely furnished, and the cooking excellent under her own supervision.

14679 A.10.

TO LET, an unfurnished flat of three rooms, and one large attic with bathrooms attached; servants' quarters. For immediate occupation. Apply to Box 404, THE CHINA PRESS.

14671 A.5.

TO LET, well-furnished room with bathroom and balcony attached. Suitable married couples or bachelors. Moderate terms. 12-A Quinsan Gardens.

14666 A.7.

WESTERN DISTRICT, to let, furnished rooms, with bathrooms attached. Near tram. British family. Apply to Box 402, THE CHINA PRESS.

14664 A.10.

TO LET: A nice, large bed-sitting room, with bathroom attached. In a cool, central and select district. No mosquitoes. A fine view, overlooking well-wooded gardens and expansive river. Cooking and service very good. Terms: for married couple or two bachelors, Mex. \$150. Single Mex. \$100. Apply to Box 386, THE CHINA PRESS.

14632 A.7.

## HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, five-roomed house, small garden, two bathrooms, stable. Tls. 80 per month. China Realty Co., Ltd., 39 Nanking Road.

14624

## Exchange and Mart

WANTED: Automatic pistol, pocket size, Colt preferred. Send particulars and price to Box 409, THE CHINA PRESS.

14684

FOR SALE: Mandolin in perfect condition, practically new. Will accept reasonable offer. Apply to Box 397, THE CHINA PRESS.

14603 A.7.

## SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED, English or American lady teacher in English School for Chinese boys, 28 hours teaching a week. Please state experience if any and salary required to Box 416, THE CHINA PRESS.

YOUNG CHINESE, having good knowledge of English, Chinese and bookkeeping, with both legal and business experience, desires engagement. Apply to Box 412, THE CHINA PRESS.

14659 A.10.

LADY-TYPIST seeks position: has good knowledge of Russian: no objection to outposts. Apply to Box 414, THE CHINA PRESS.

14692 A.7.

BRITISHER, executive abilities, and could take charge of import and export department, is open for immediate engagement. Has a thorough knowledge of the local market. Apply to Box 391, THE CHINA PRESS.

14678 A.8.

YOUNG LADY wants position as typist and general office worker. Willing to give trial. Apply to Box 399, THE CHINA PRESS.

14661 A.7.

YOUNG MAN (Allied), 26 years old, at present employed, desires change to better position. Excellent working knowledge of English, French, Italian and Spanish. 6 years' experience in China. Good references. Apply to Box 401, THE CHINA PRESS.

14663 A.10.

A COMPETENT bookkeeper and clerk is willing to accept a position for night work. Apply to Box 392, THE CHINA PRESS.

14641 A.5.

OFFICE MAN of experience, holding responsible position, wants extra work after office hours and lots of it; no work too complex to handle; no position too small to consider or accept, to either one of which I promise true devotion, and to him who favors me with his confidence, I shall be unremitting in my labours to compensate. Apply to Ally: THE CHINA PRESS.

14180

## HOUSES WANTED

WANTED TO RENT, flat of four living rooms, baths, kitchen, etc., or house of similar size. Central or Hongkew. Lease and fittings taken over. Apply to Box 403, THE CHINA PRESS.

14670 A.9.

## LOST

STRAYED from 32 Boone Road on Sunday evening, the 5th inst., a small fox terrier with black ears, black spots on back, and short tail. Answering to the name of "Jackie." Finder will be liberally rewarded on return of same to above address.

14691 A.9.

## TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-A Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

14644 A.3.

FOR SALE: strong and heavy Remington marine motor. 26 H.P., in absolutely good condition. Any reasonable offer accepted. Apply to Box 405, THE CHINA PRESS.

14674 A.9.

FOR SALE: Borax Crystals in large quantities at very moderate price. For price and samples, write to The China Chemical Works, 168 Canton Road.

14648 A.3.